宾语从句+直接引语变间接引语

宾语从句

1. 含义

I know this story.

主语 谓语 宾语

I know that the story is famous.

主语 谓语 宾语从句

宾语从句：**在句子中充当宾语成分的句子**。

2. 分类

①**陈述句**：I know（that）the story is famous；

引导词：that，that 可省略。

②**特殊疑问句**：I want to know where she is.

引导词：特殊疑问词

③**一般疑问句**：I want to know whether /if she is a teacher.

引导词：whether /if

3. 使用三原则

①**时态照应**：主从句时态要相一致。

He said he is right. （错） He said he was right. （对）

②**语序正常**：从句要用陈述语序，即引导词后紧跟主语。

He asked where were you. （错） He asked where you were.（对）

③**真理规律永不变**:当从句表示客观真理规律的时候，从句要用一般现在时态。

The teacher told us the sun rose from the east.（错）

The teacher told us the sun rises from the east.（对）

直接引语变间接引语

1.**定语**：直接引语——引用别人的原话，称为直接引语。

间接引语——转述别人的话，称为间接引语。

2.陈述句直接引语变间接引语的规则

①**一变**：变符号：去逗号引号，加引导词 that，said to 变为 told。

②**二变**：变人称：变人称代词，物主代词，反身代词

③**变时态**:**主现从不变，主过从倒退**

主句的动词为**一般现在时态**，从句**时态不变**

主句的动词为**一般过去时态**，从句变为相对应的**过去时态**

直接引语	间接引语	例句

一般现在时		一般过去时	He said,'I am a student?'----He said that he was a student.
现在完成时		过去完成时	He said,'I have eaten an egg'.---He said that he had eaten an egg.
一般将来时		过去将来时	He said,'I will eat an egg.'----He said that he would eat an egg.
现在进行时		过去进行时	He said,'I am eating an egg.'----He said that he was eating an egg.
一般过去时		过去完成时	He said,'I ate an egg yesterday'.---He said that he had eaten an egg the day before.
过去完成时		过去完成时	He said,'I had eaten an egg'.---He said that he had eaten an egg.
情态动词	can	could	He said,'I can eat an egg'.---He said that he could eat an egg.
	may	might	He said,'She may eat the egg.'----He said that she might eat the egg.
	will	would	He said,'I will eat an egg'.---He said that he would eat an egg.

注意：当直接引语是表示客观真理时，从句时态仍用一般现在时。

④四变：变时间状语、地点状语或指示代词。

时间状语的改变	
直接引语	间接引语
now	then
today	that day
yesterday	the day before
tomorrow	the next day
three days ago	three days before
last year	the year before last
next month	the next month
地点状语的改变	
here	there
指示代词的改变	
this	that
these	those

3.一般疑问句直接引语变间接引语的规则

eg：”Did your mother go to work by bike yesterday? ”He said to me.

He asked me if/whether my mother had gone to work by bike the day before.

①一变：变符号：去逗号引号，said to 变为 asked，加引导词 if/whether

②二变：变人称：变人称代词，物主代词，反身代词

③变语序:变为陈述语序（引导词后紧跟主语）

④四变：变时态

⑤五变：变时间状语、地点状语或指示代词。

if/whether 使用原则：前有介 be 狼，后有不定虎，位句首，加是否用 whether。

介——I worried **about whether** he had finished it safely.

be——The question **is whether** he will come.

不定——I haven't decided **whether to do** the housework.

句首——**Whether** he will come is a question.

加是否——I do not care **whether** it rains **or not.**

3.特殊疑问句直接引语变间接引语的规则

He said to me,"What did you do yesterday?"

He asked me what had I done the day before.

①**一变：变符号：**去逗号引号，said to 变为 asked，加引导词特殊疑问词

②**二变：变人称：**变人称代词，物主代词，反身代词

③**变语序:**变为陈述语序（引导词后紧跟主语）

④**四变：**变时态

⑤**五变：**变时间状语、地点状语或指示代词。

4.祈使句直接引语变间接引语的规则

''Put the books on the shelf,"mother said to me.

Mother asked me to put the books on the shelf.

变化公式：

肯定：A+ask/tell/order+B+to do sth.

否定：A+ask/tell/order+B+not to do sth.