2015 年深圳市英语八年级上册期中测试卷(A)答案

总分：100 分　　时间：80 分钟　　姓名：_____　　得分：_____

第一部分 听力（15 分）

听力来源：《深圳金卷 中考英语听说模拟 45 套》全程听说模拟 45 套（十八）

I. 听录音，在 A、B、C 选项中选出你听到的句子。（每小题念两遍）（共 3 题，每题 1 分）

(　　) 1. A. There is a kindergarten in my house.

B. There is a kindergarten near my house.

C. There is a kindergarten beside my house.

(　　) 2. A. Don't worry. I will let you down.

B. Don't worry. I won't let you down.

C. Don't worry. You won't let me down.

(　　) 3. A. The president was paying a private visit to Europe then.

B. The president is paying a private visit to Europe.

C. The president is is going to pay a private visit to Europe.

II. 听录音，在 A、B、C 选项中选出与你听到的句子意思最相近的句子。（每小题念两遍）（共 2 题，每题 1 分）

(　　) 1. A. It's very windy and raining today.

B. It's a little windy today.

C. It's blowing strongly today.

(　　) 2. A. I paid 200,000 dollars for the robot.

B. The robot was worth 20,000 dollars.

C. It took me 20,000 dollars to buy the robot.

III. 请你根据实际情况和所提供的情景完成对话。（每个问题念两遍）（共 3 题，每题 1 分）

情景：你不太擅长英语，老师与你谈心探讨如何提高。请你回答下列问题。

问题 1 回答：	
问题 2 回答：	
问题 3 回答：	

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IV. 听短文，回答问题。（短文念两遍，提问念两遍）（共 3 题，每题 1 分）

问题 1 回答：	
问题 2 回答：	
问题 3 回答：	

V. 请用英语描述下图。（要求 6 句话以上）（此题 4 分）



答案：

I. ABB

II. CC

III. 1. No, I don't.

2. Because there are too many new words.

3. That sounds good. Let me try.

IV. 1. Yes, he did.

2. He died at the age of 40.

3. He went to Alaska to find gold.

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V.

Jim was at last in Beijing. He promised to visit Beijing someday when he was a little boy. Jim felt very warm and happy in Beijing because everyone welcomed him with great smile. Jim visited the famous Great Wall and some other places of interest. He also bought a lot of presents for his friends and family in America. It was time to say goodbye in the end. "Goodbye Beijing. See you next year." Jim said to himself.

解析：

I. 1. There is a kindergarten behind my house.

2. Don't worry. I won't let you down.

3. The president is paying a private visit to Europe.

II. 1. There's a lot of wind today.

2. The robot costs me 20,000 dollars.

III. 1. Do you listen to the English programmes every day?

2. Why do you hate reading English stories more often?

3. What about listening and reading English every morning?

IV.

Who is Jack London? He is an American writer. He was born on January 12, 1876. His family was very poor and Jack had to leave school to make money. He worked hard in many different jobs. Later, Jack returned to school, but he didn't stay long. In 1899, he went to Alaska to find gold. Instead, he found ideas there for his books and stories. He returned home and started to write. Jack London was not a happy man. He died young when he was only 40 years old.

1. Did Jack London die young?

2. How old was he when he died?

3. What did Jack London do in 1899?

V. 四幅图表达的含义依次是：

1. 来北京受到热情欢迎。

2. 在北京游览长城等名胜古迹。

3. 去商店购物，买礼物给美国的朋友和家人。

4. 要走了，说声道别的话。

第二部分 选择题（60 分）

I. 词汇测试（15 分）

i. 从下面每小题的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出可以替换划线部分的最佳选项。（共 8 小题，每小题 1 分）

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( ) 1. Now petrol is very dear.

A. cheap B. good C. expensive

答案： C

解析： dear“昂贵的”和 expensive 同义。

( ) 2. We have kept in touch with each other for a long time.

A. worked with B. lived with C. shared information with

答案： C

解析： keep in touch with“与……保持联系”，work with“和……一起工作”，live with“和……住一起”。

( ) 3. My new shoes feel comfortable, so I like wearing them.

A. hard B. bad C. soft and nice

答案： C

解析： comfortable“舒适的”，hard“坚硬的”，bad“坏的”。

( ) 4. The baby panda was born on a cold winter evening.

A. went to see a doctor

B. came out of its mother's body

C. came back

答案： B

解析： be born“出生”，也就是“从妈妈身体里出来”。

( ) 5. Dinosaurs all died out suddenly.

A. went out B. disappeared C. appeared

答案： B

解析： die out“灭绝”，也就是不存在了，disappear 意为“消失”，go out“外出；熄灭”。

( ) 6. Would you like some cake?

A. Are you going to B. Do you want C. Did you go to

答案： B

解析： would like sth.“想要某物”，相当于 want sth.。

( ) 7. You can have any prize if you win the game.

A. award B. food C. gold

答案： A

解析： prize“奖品”，award 也是“奖品”的意思。

( ) 8. Ants are very tiny animals.

A. big B. empty C. small

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答案： B

解析： tiny“极小的”，与 small 意思最接近；big“大的”，empty“空的”。

ii. 从下面每小题的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。（共 7 小题，每小题 1 分）

(　　) 9. —By the way, is there _____ in today's newspaper?

A. something new　　B. anything new　　C. new anything

答案： B

解析： 疑问句中用 anything，形容词 new 修饰不定代词放在不定代词后面。

(　　) 10. _____, there are six other students.

A. In addition to　　B. In addition　　C. Except for

答案： B

解析： in addition“此外”，in addition to 后接名词，except for“除……之外”，指不包括在内，后接名词。

(　　) 11. —Shall we go to the West Lake tomorrow evening?

—No, I promise _____ there today _____ tomorrow morning

A. to go; instead of　　B. going; instead of　　C. to go; instead

答案： A

解析： promise to do sth.，动词为带 to 的不定式，instead of 后接名词，instead 放句首，句尾。

(　　) 12. —You can't be _____ on your parents forever.

—I see. I'll do things by myself.

A. dependent　　B. dependence　　C. depend

答案： A

解析： be dependent on 相当于 depend on，“依靠”。

(　　) 13. —Why is red one _____ than that black one?

—Because the red one is _____ model.

A. expensive; the oldest

B. more expensive; newest

C. more expensive; the newest

答案： C

解析： than 表两者比较用比较级，expensive 为多音节词，其比较级为 more expensive，　形容词最高级 newest 前要加定冠词 the。

(　　) 14. A number of traffic accidents _____ every day. The number _____ increasing.

A. happen; is　　B. happened; are　　C. happens; is

答案： A

解析： a number of + 名词复数，谓语动词用复数，表示“很多……”；此处由 every day 可知用一般现在时，the number of 表示“……的数量”，谓语动词用单数。

(　　) 15. Which of the following is RIGHT?

A. We learned fourth unit.

B. Your topic is so good as hers.

C. Our country is getting better and better.

答案： C

解析： A 选项中，序数词前要加定冠词 the，B 选项中形容词原级的肯定式用 as ... as 结构。

II. 完形填空（15 分）

阅读下列短文，从短文后所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出能填入相应空白处的最佳选项。（共 10 小题，每小题 1.5 分）

Someone says, “Time is money”, but I think time is ____16____ important than money. Why? Because when money is spent, we can get it back. However, when time is ____17____, it’ll never ____18____. That is ____19____ we must not waste time. It goes without saying that the ____20____ is usually limited. Every second is very important. We should make full use of our time to ____21____ useful.

But it is a pity that there are a lot of people who do not know the importance of the time. They spent their limited time smoking, drinking and ____22____. They do not know that wasting time means wasting part of their own ____23____.

In a word, we should save time. We shouldn’t ____24____ today’s work for tomorrow. Remember we have no time to ____25____.

(　　) 16.	A. much	B. even more	C. mush less
(　　) 17.	A. cost	B. bought	C. gone
(　　) 18.	A. return	B. carry	C. take
(　　) 19.	A. what	B. why	C. because
(　　) 20.	A. money	B. time	C. day
(　　) 21.	A. nothing	B. something	C. anything
(　　) 22.	A. reading	B. writing	C. playing
(　　) 23.	A. time	B. life	C. money
(　　) 24.	A. stop	B. leave	C. let
(　　) 25.	A. lose	B. save	C. spend

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答案：BCABB　　BCBBA

解析：

16. important 的比较级为 more important，even 修饰比较级。根据文章意思，时间应该是比金钱更　　重要。

17. be gone“流失”。

18. return“回来”，根据上下文可知，此处句意为“时光一去不复返”。

19. 前因后果，因为时间一去不复返，所以不能浪费时间。

20. 全篇都在说时间，“时间是有限的”。

21. 我们应该充分利用时间做点什么有用的事情。

22. 前面是不好的，后面也是表不好的行为，前后关系为并列，而 and 表并列，所以排除 A、B。

23. 时间就是生命，浪费时间就等于浪费你的部分生命。

24. leave“留着，剩下”，我们不该把今天的工作留到明天。

25. lose“失去”，我们没有时间去挥霍，丢失。

III. 阅读理解。（30 分）

阅读下列短文，从下面每小题的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。（共 20 小题，每小题 1.5 分）

A

People are often killed while crossing the road. Most of these people are old people and children. Old people are often killed because they usually cannot see or hear very well. Children are often killed because they are not careful. They have to look and listen before they cross the road.

A car, truck or bus cannot stop very quickly. If it is going very fast, it will travel many meters before it stops. People don't always understand this. They think a car can stop within a few meters. The faster a car is traveling, the longer it takes to stop.

The only safe way to cross the road is to look both ways, right and left. Then if the road is clear, it is safe to cross. The right way to cross is to walk quickly. It is dangerous to run. If people run across the road, they may fall down.

(　　) 26. _____ are often killed when they cross the road.

A. Old people　　B. Children　　C. Young man　　D.Both A and B

(　　) 27. Old people are often killed when crossing the road because _____.

A. they can't see or hear clearly　　B. they are not careful

C. they often run　　D. they like talking

( ) 28. When we cross the road, we have to _____.

A. run B. look carefully and walk quickly

C. ask somebody to help us D. look for a policeman

( ) 29. Which of the following is not true?

A. It is safe to run across the road.

B. Children are often killed because they aren't careful.

C. If a car goes very fast, it can't stop quickly.

D. Look both ways, right and left, before you cross the road.

答案：DABA

解析：

26. 第一段第二句可知，过马路容易丧失生命的大部分是老人和小孩。

27. 第一段第三句可知，老人容易死亡是因为过马路时看不清或听不见。

28. 由最后一段前三句可知，安全过马路的方法就是左右都看，然后快速地走过去，千万不能跑。

29. 最后一段可知过马路时不要跑，因为跑可能会摔跤，这样更危险了。

B

British newspapers are much smaller than they used to be and their readers are often in a hurry, so newspapermen write as few words as possible. They tell their readers at once what happened, where, when and how it happened and what was the result: how many people were killed, what change was done and so on. Readers want the fact（事实） set out as fully and accurately as possible. Readers are also interested in the people who have seen the accident. So a newspaperman always likes to get some information（信息） from someone who was there, which can be given in the person's own words. Because he can use only a few words, the newspaperman must choose those words carefully, every <u>one</u> must be effective（有效）. Instead of "he called out in a loud voice", he writes "he shouted"; instead of "the loose stones rolled noisily down the side of the mountain", he will write "they thundered down the mountainside". Because many of the readers aren't very clever, and most of them are in a hurry.

( ) 30. From the text, we learn that newspapermen write as few words as possible, because readers _____.

A. want to know more about the news

B. take no interest in what has happened

C. have no time to read the news carefully

D. pay much attention to the result

( ) 31. The underlined word "one" in the text refers to _____.

A. word　　B. newspaperman　　C. reader　　D. person

(　　) 32. Which of the following would best complete the text?

A. He will keep his writing short.

B. He won't care about his writing.

C. He will give nothing but information.

D. He won't make his writing good enough.

(　　) 33. In what way do you think British newspapers have become smaller?

A. In a page size.　　B. In number of readers.

C. In number of pages.　　D. In number of copies

答案：CAAC

解析：

30. 文中第一段第一句可知，读者经常都很匆忙，没什么时间过多地看报纸，所以尽量把文　　字写得简练点。

31. one 是代词，指代前面出现的人或事物，此处是在说报纸编辑人在选词上非常得仔细认　　真，所以要求每个词都必须精炼有效。从后面的句子也可知，实在说词语的问题。

32. 通篇在讲在报道新闻时语言要精炼。

33. 报纸的尺寸是不变的，在内容上精简说明是报纸的页数会变少。

C

Happy Children's Palace

MONDAY 19:00—20:30 English learning Prof. G. White Would you like to improve your English? (2 weeks)	TUESDAY 17:30—19:00 Photography Mr. Green Learn to take good pictures. Bring your own camera with you. This is for middle school students. (4 weeks)
WEDNESDAY 18:00—19:00 Office 2000 Prof. Wang Lan Learn how to use the new software. (10 weeks)	FRIDAY 19:00—20:30 Painting Miss Yang Jing Would you like to learn painting? It is for beginners only.

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	(16 weeks)
SATURDAY 15:00—16:30 Cambridge Young Learner's English Prof. J. Brown This course is for the children at primary school. (20 weeks)	SUNDAY 10:00—12:00 Swimming club Coach: Liu Xin Want to swim as fast as a fish? (9 weeks)

( ) 34. You can go to Happy Children's Palace to learn some skills(技能) except _____.

A. on Monday B. on Wednesday C. on Thursday D. on Sunday

( ) 35. If you want to improve your English, you'd better learn it from _____.

A. Miss Yang Jing B. Prof. J. Brown C. Prof. Wang Lan D. Prof. G. White

( ) 36. If you are interested in painting and want to be an artist, Miss Yang Jing can teach you _____.

A. from 19:00 to 20:30 on Monday

B. from 17:30 to 19:00 on Tuesday

C. from 7:00 to 8:30 on Friday evening

D. from 18:00 to 19:00 on Wednesday

( ) 37. If you don't have enough time and you want to learn a skill in two months, you'd better learn _____.

A. how to use the new software B. swimming

C. how to take pictures D. painting

答案：CDCC

解析：

34. 六个表格中只差星期四没有安排。

35. 由第一个表框中 Would you like to improve your English?可知。

36. 在星期五的表框中。

37. A 选项需要十周，超过两个月的时间；B 选项需要 9 周，也超过两个月；D 选项需要 16 周，超过两个月，所以不行。

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D

For several years, Americans have enjoyed tele-shopping by watching TV and buying things by phone. Now tele-shopping is becoming popular in Europe. In a number of European countries, people can turn on their TVs and shop for clothes, jewelry, food, toys and so on.

The biggest Swedish company sells different kinds of things on TV in 15 European countries, and in one year it made $ 100 million. In France there are two tele-shopping channels, and the French spend about $ 20 million a year to buy things through those channels.

In Germany, until last year tele-shopping was only possible on one channel for 1 hour every day. Then the government allowed more tele-shopping. Other channels can open for tele-business, including the largest American tele-shopping company and a 24-hour tele-shopping company. German businesses are hoping this new tele-shopping will help them sell more things.

Some people like tele-shopping because it allows them to do their shopping without leaving their homes. With all the problems of traffic in the cities, this is an important reason. But at the same time, other Europeans do not like this new way of shopping. They call tele-shopping "junk on the air". Many Europeans usually worry about the quality of the things for sale on TV. Good quality is important to them, and they believe they cannot be sure about the quality of the things for sale on TV.

The need for high quality means that European tele-shopping companies will have to be different from the American companies. They will have to be more careful about the quality of the things they sell. They will also have to work harder to sell things that the buyers cannot touch or see in person.

( ) 38. Tele-shopping is _____ in Europe.

A. not popular B. growing C. not possible D. cheap

( ) 39. People like tele-shopping because it is _____.

A. American B. cheaper C. easier D. more popular

( ) 40. Some Europeans don't like tele-shopping because they _____.

A. don't like to buy things B. don't watch TV

C. believe the things sold on TV are expensive

D. think the things sold on TV are bad quality

( ) 41. In Germany, tele-shopping may _____.

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A. help businessmen get more money　　B. keep the shops open longer

C. have fewer buyers　　D. bring better TV programs

(　　) 42. The best title of this passage is _____.

A. American Tele-shopping　　B. Tele-shopping Companies

C. Tele-shopping in Europe　　D. Tele-shopping—Junk on the Air

答案：BCDAC

解析：

38. 从第二段第一句可以看出，tele-shopping 正在变流行，所以应该是 growing，正在成长。

39. 从第四段第一行可以看出答案，喜欢电视购物是因为可以不出门就买到东西，比较方便。

40. 从第四段第四行可以看出，人们担心电视上卖的商品的质量。

41. 从第三段最后一行可以得出答案。

42. 本文先讲到电视购物在美国流行了很久，然后介绍了其在欧洲的发展。包括在各国的发　　展情况以及顾客的担心等。

E

Hong Kong Harbor Cruise By Night

Enjoy your wonderful dinner on the ferry and see the fantastic city lights.

TIME: 7:00 p.m.-10:00 p.m. daily

PRICE:	With dinner	Without dinner
Adult:	HK$300	HK$120
Child under 12:	HK$210	HK$84

START /STOP: Kowloon Public Pier（码头）(Near Star Ferry Pier)

TICKET OFFICE: Star Company (123 Canton Road)

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( ) 43. You will see _____ during the cruise.

A. trees B. buildings C. fantastic city lights D. bridges

( ) 44. People can buy tickets _____.

A. on the ferry B. at Kowloon Public Pier

C. at Star Ferry Pier D. at 123 Canton Road

( ) 45. If a lady wants to have dinner on the ferry with her son, 14 and her daughter, 10, she should pay _____.

A. HK$810 B. HK$204 C. HK$324 D. HK$510

答案：CDA

解析：

43. 第二行可知。

44. 最后一行可知，ticket office“售票处”是 Star Company 或者 123 Canton Road。

45. 要吃饭的，一个 12 岁以下，其他两个按成人价，即 10 + 300 + 300 = 810。

第三部分 非选择题（25 分）

IV. 语法填空（10 分）

根据句子意思，用所给单词的适当形式填空。（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分）

Last month I spent five days in Beijing with my parents. At ten o’clock on Monday morning we arrived _____46_____ Beijing by train. Then we stayed in a hotel and had _____47_____ good rest. After supper, we went _____48_____ a walk in the streets near the hotel and enjoyed the beautiful night views. On Tuesday we visited Tian’anmen Square _____49_____ the Forbidden City. On Wednesday we went to the Great Wall and _____50_____ (take) a lot of photos. In the evening we relaxed ourselves by _____51_____ (watch) a ballet called *Swan Lake* at the theatre. On Thursday we went to the Bird’s Nest and had a good time there. On Friday morning we went to Beijing University and had a talk with a few university_____52_____ (student). I learned a lot from _____53_____ (they). I also wanted _____54_____ (be) a student of Beijing University four years later. In the afternoon we did some shopping and I _____55_____ (buy) many presents for my friends. Finally, we got on a train to Guangzhou and started our journey back home.

46. _____ 47. _____ 48. _____

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49. _____ 50. _____ 51. _____

52. _____ 53. _____ 54. _____

55. _____

答案： 46. in 47. a 48. for 49. and 50. took

51. watching 52. students 53. them 54. to be 55. bought

解析：

46. arrive 是不及物动词，表示到达一个比较大的地点，其后用介词 in，北京是一个大地点。

47. go for a walk“去散步”，固定短语。

48. Tian’anmen Square 和 the Forbidden City 是并列关系，中间用 and 连接。

49. 描述发生在过去的动作用一般过去时。

50. 介词 by 后接动词的 ing 形式。

51. student 前面有 a few 修饰吗，要用其复数形式。

52. 作介词的宾语，用代词的宾格。

53. 动词 want 后跟带 to 的动词不定式。

54. 描述过去发生的动作，用一般过去时。

V. 书面表达（15 分）

你的英国朋友 Tony 询问你的期中考试(the mid-term exam)，请根据成绩单回信，告诉你的成绩

和老师的评价。

Name: Wang Chen

Class: Two

English—B+; good at writing

Chinese—A; hard-working

History—B; can do better

Science—C; lazy student

Math—A; hard-working

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参考范文：

Dear Tony,

I'm happy to get your letter.

I finished my mid-term exam last week and I got my report card last Friday. I did OK in some subjects this time. My English teacher said I was good at writing. I did well in Chinese and math. The teachers said that I was hard-working. I had a hard time with science and I only got C this time. It is the worst. My science teacher said I was a lazy student. As for history, the teacher said I could do better.

Well, that's all about my report card.

Yours,
Wang Chen

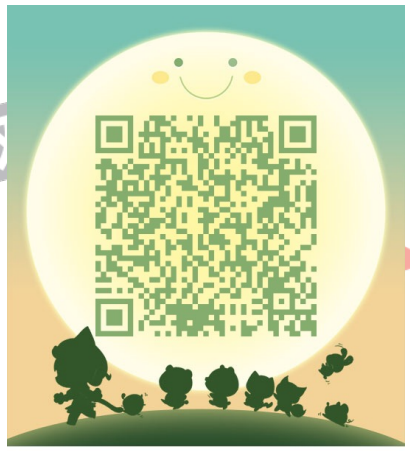
解析：

1. 文章结构清晰，首先见信问好，然后围绕期中考试的话题展开介绍各科成绩，最后用一句话收尾。

2. 时态、比较级等知识点运用正确。

3. 句型不单一，如 be good at /do well in /have a hard time with sth.等。

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深圳智康-初中家长群

扫一扫二维码，加入该群。

更多期中试题尽在初中群，快来扫一扫吧>>>>

学而思1对1 2016年秋季第一学期期中考试复习直播课安排

直播渠道	直播时间	年级	科目	讲师	课程重点
深圳初中群 90482695	2016/10/21 19:00-20:00	初一	语文	苏婧	病句、阅读、作文高分要点
	2016/10/26 19:00-20:00	初一	数学	郭雯霖	有理数、整式及其加减
	2016/10/20 19:00-20:00	初二	语文	赵硕	散文阅读和作文
	2016/10/22 19:00-20:00	初二	数学	鄢春利	勾股定理、实数、一次函数
	2016/10/23 19:30-20:30	初二	英语	张昊	形容词、副词（语法填空技巧）
	2016/10/27 19:00-20:00	初二	物理	程中奇	机械运动、声音与物态变化
2017中考群 293049985	2016/10/20 19:00-20:00	初三	语文	刘英	短语、单句、复句、名著导读（九上）
	2016/10/21 19:00-20:00	初三	化学	于贺楠	前三章知识汇总
	2016/10/23 19:00-20:00	初三	英语	段志华	期中重难点词组串讲
	2016/10/26 19:00-20:00	初三	物理	王九龄	欧姆定律
	2016/10/27 19:00-20:00	初三	数学	邵杨	反比例函数

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