

北京四中 09-10 学年高一上学期期末考试

(试卷满分为 150 分, 考试时间为 120 分钟)

第一卷

第一部分: 英语知识运用 (共两节, 满分 50 分)

第一节 单项填空 (共 30 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 30 分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

- _____ time went on, our teacher's words proved true.
A. With B. As C. When D. While
- Harry Potter VII _____ well all over the world.
A. is sold B. sells C. sell D. are sold
- The color purple is a _____ of red and blue.
A. collection B. unity C. joint D. combination
- Her latest album, *The Element of Freedom*, _____ last week and Keys has proved yet again that she simply does her own thing.
A. came out B. came over C. came in D. came up
- The Xinhua News Agency has picked its "hot words" for 2009, _____ on news stories in China over the past year.
A. to base B. basing C. base D. based
- The report called for global action to deal with climate change and to better _____ the earth's water resources.
A. slurp B. terrify C. distribute D. twinkle
- Looking up, I saw her eyes _____ on me in curiosity.
A. fixed B. to fix C. fixing D. having fixed
- He shut the window with _____ force _____ the glass broke.
A. so; that B. such; that C. so; as D. such; as
- Teachers should be able to give _____ instructions in class.
A. specific B. realistic C. critic D. fantastic
- It is not _____ that you are so depressed recently; you are suffering from so much pressure.
A. surprised B. surprise C. surprisingly D. surprising
- You have no idea how she finished the race _____ her foot wounded so badly.
A. for B. when C. with D. while



12. —Mary, why didn't you come yesterday?
—I _____, but I had an unexpected visitor.
A. had B. did C. would D. was going to
13. With nothing on, the Emperor walked in the parade, thinking he _____ the most beautiful clothes in the world.
A. was dressed himself B. dressed
C. was dressed in D. was dressed
14. —Why didn't you know it was raining outside?
—Oh, I was _____ in thought at that time.
A. confident B. strict C. interested D. deep
15. His mother was so angry at all _____ he was doing _____ she shouted at him.
A. what; that B. which; that C. that; that D. that; so
16. Mary is ill today. If she _____, she _____ absent from school.
A. were not ill; wouldn't be B. had been ill; wouldn't have been
C. had been ill; should have been D. hadn't been ill; could be
17. This is one of the best novels _____ ever been written by her.
A. that has B. which has C. that have D. which have
18. He is only too ready to help others, seldom, _____, refusing them when they turn to him.
A. if never B. if ever C. if not D. if any
19. —Have you known Mr. Wang for a long time?
—Yes, since he _____ to our school.
A. has come B. comes C. had come D. came
20. Only those _____ knew well could be allowed into the hall.
A. he B. who C. whom D. which
21. These days, some people choose jobs for other reasons _____ money.
A. besides B. with C. except D. for
22. More and more old people go to the universities for the aged in order to avoid _____ from the outside world.
A. cutting off B. being cut off C. to cut off D. to be cut off
23. Fail in the election _____ he _____, he became famous for his wonderful speech against slavery.
A. although; did B. though; does C. as; did D. even if; does
24. After you arrive, your host will usually _____ you a drink. Don't just say: "I'll have a Coke." Ask them what they have available, and then make your choice.
A. offer B. provide C. supply D. furnish
25. He gave away his money to help those children who _____ school at an early age because of poverty.
A. start B. keep C. prevent D. quit
26. —Have you ever been to New York?
—Do you mean the one which is _____ skyscrapers?



- A. known as B. known to C. famous for D. famous as
27. The new state-run test will _____ a written test of reading, listening comprehension and writing, plus an interview to test speaking skills.
- A. consist of B. make up C. make up of D. be made of
28. It is most _____ that we should have a three-day holiday without any homework.
- A. affordable B. desirable C. remarkable D. accountable
29. Winter vacation is approaching. The oversea students are leaving _____ their motherland.
- A. to B. off C. for D. /
30. How was it that we were able to _____ untold hardships, overcome the most difficult and dangerous conditions and bring the revolution to victory?
- A. survive on B. survive from C. survive D. surviving

第二节 完形填空（共 20 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 20 分）

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Angels

My friend Heather mentioned that she had never seen an Angel. Then I remembered the _____₃₁ I had with my sister Sandra earlier this week.

This will be Sandra's first Christmas without her husband. This summer he died in her arms. On Thursday, she was in the store _____₃₂ for an ideal card for her two sons and daughter. Time passed by quickly as she _____₃₃ the many choices. She wanted a card that sent something special to each of them, _____₃₄ she knew they would have a(n) _____₃₅ place in their heart this holiday season.

Finally! She found the one that expressed the _____₃₆ feeling. The words expressed the feelings that she wished to share. However, a sharp pain pierced(穿透) her heart when she realized that the card was _____₃₇ "mom and dad." She stood there, _____₃₈ it close for a long time, unable to move from the _____₃₉. Tears began to run down her cheeks.

"Is there something I can do for you?" a _____₄₀ voice asked. She _____₄₁ to face a stranger, a woman, who was looking at her with _____₄₂ and concern. "Uh...oh...OH!" Sandra responded, "I can't give this card to my children because...because my husband died and this is the _____₄₃ card."

Hearing this, the stranger's face softened with sympathy(同情) and love. She reached out and _____₄₄ my sister into her arms, giving her unspoken permission to cry in the protection of her embrace(拥抱). She _____₄₅

held my sister until her calmness 46. “Thank you for listening to me cry on,” was what my sister said when all was better. “You are welcome, and I am so sorry for your 47,” the stranger answered and said goodbye to her.

During her telling of this event I was feeling 48 that I hadn’t been there. My sister needed me and a stranger had to do my 49. “You know,” she went on, “a friend suggested that it was like meeting with an Angel.” My 50 disappeared in an instant. My sister required an Angel, and I think that is exactly what she got.

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| 31. A. conversation | B. difficulty | C. accident | D. quarrel |
| 32. A. paying | B. caring | C. calling | D. looking |
| 33. A. left | B. offered | C. read | D. discovered |
| 34. A. although | B. as | C. when | D. if |
| 35. A. other | B. empty | C. safe | D. different |
| 36. A. sad | B. strange | C. amazing | D. perfect |
| 37. A. for | B. to | C. from | D. by |
| 38. A. seizing | B. holding | C. keeping | D. grasping |
| 39. A. spot | B. stair | C. area | D. home |
| 40. A. firm | B. proud | C. cold | D. soft |
| 41. A. walked | B. turned | C. decided | D. woke |
| 42. A. question | B. shock | C. regret | D. upset |
| 43. A. harmful | B. special | C. wrong | D. right |
| 44. A. pulled | B. caught | C. sent | D. protected |
| 45. A. quietly | B. tightly | C. strongly | D. seriously |
| 46. A. disappeared | B. went | C. arrived | D. returned |
| 47. A. failure | B. idea | C. loss | D. death |
| 48. A. shocked | B. angry | C. shy | D. hopeless |
| 49. A. task | B. time | C. favor | D. job |
| 50. A. responsibility | B. sympathy | C. guilt | D. hurt |

第二部分：阅读理解（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

When a close friend dies, it often forces you to consider your own death. The more you have in common with

the friend, the more his death will make you wonder about your own. Sometimes you will naturally say to yourself, “It could just as easily have been me.” Such a death has a way of reminding us how fragile life is, and it may cause you to reassess(重新评价) the direction of your own life.

Jack’s story is a good example. A successful businessman making a lot of money, Jack didn’t spend as much time with his family as he wanted. His job required him to work long hours. But three years ago one of his best friends, a man who worked in the same office, had a heart attack. He died while celebrating his daughter’s eighteenth birthday in a restaurant. He was only fifty years old.

Not long after his friend’s death, Jack started to have a chest pain. Finally he had a good physical check-up. He received a clean bill of health. But the chest pain continued. He kept thinking of the death of his friend. Jack thought about how much his friend missed in life and he saw how hard it was for his friend’s family to manage after he passed away.

Jack realized that he didn’t want to end up his life that way. He talked his feelings over with his wife and children, and decided to change his way of life. The family moved to a small town where he started a simple life. Now he is running a small art gallery(画廊). He is relaxed, and says he has never been so happy in his life. And he has got no more chest pain.

51. Your close friend’s death is _____ to you.
A. a warning
B. common
C. a direction of life
D. an example
52. The underlined sentence in the third paragraph means “_____”.
A. The doctor didn’t write a word on his bill
B. The doctor didn’t want Jack to pay for the bill
C. The doctor didn’t find anything wrong with him
D. The doctor didn’t want to treat his pain
53. His friend’s death made Jack _____.
A. lose much interest in life
B. realize that he missed the friend very much
C. doubt his way of life
D. ill for some time
54. While living in the small town Jack _____.
A. earns less money
B. gets more time
C. has a happier life
D. does all these mentioned above

B

Force other than damaging winds are also at work inside tornadoes(龙卷风). Sometimes, as the turning,

jumping funnel(漏斗) passes over a house, the walls and ceiling burst apart as if a bomb had gone off inside. This explosion(爆炸) is caused by the low air pressure at the center of a tornado.

The pressure at the center of a tornado is usually 13 pounds per square inch. However, inside the house the air pressure is normal, about 15 pounds per square inch. The difference of 2 pounds per square inch between the inside and outside pressure may not seem like much. But suppose a tornado funnel passes over a small building that measures 20 by 10 by 10 feet. On each square inch of the building, there is 2 pounds of pressure from the inside that is not balanced by air pressure outside the building. On the ceiling, that adds up to an unbalanced pressure of 57,600 pounds. The pressure on the four walls adds up to 172,800 pounds.

If windows are open in the building, some of the inside air will rush out through them. This will balance the pressure inside and outside the building. But if the windows are shut tightly, the great inside pressure may cause the building to burst.

Unfortunately, heavy rain happens in thunderstorms that later produce tornadoes. So, people often shut all windows to protect their property. This may cause far worse damage later.

55. Which of the following is the main topic of the passage?

- A. Where tornadoes are formed.
- B. When tornadoes usually occur.
- C. How tornadoes can be prevented.
- D. Why tornadoes cause so much damage.

56. According to the passage, tornadoes can destroy building because the ____.

- A. force of a tornado increases the air pressure in a building
- B. air pressure at the center of a tornado is over 172,000 pounds
- C. weight of a tornado can crush a building's roof when it passes overhead
- D. air pressure inside a tornado is less than the air pressure inside a building

57. According to the passage, the pressure on a building during a tornado can be reduced by ____.

- A. closing the windows
- B. opening the windows
- C. using an electric fan
- D. making the roof and walls stronger

C

A newspaper reporter's job can be very interesting. He meets all types of people and lives quite a busy life. He is on the rush for news all the time, then after several years he may get a desk job, and life becomes a bit more settled. Let's look at his work a little more closely. In a day he may have to interview the prime minister of a foreign country, and the next day he may be writing about a football match. Sometimes he may be so busy that he has hardly any time to sleep. And at other times he may go on for days looking out for news materials yet return empty-handed.

In the beginning, a reporter has to cover a very wide field. After the early years he becomes more specialized in his work. For example, he may finally be asked to write only on court cases or politics or sports. Some reporters

may become so specialized that they are asked only to write on a special thing: horse racing, for example. In most newspaper houses there is at least one special racing correspondent. Some newspapers have book reviews. Their job is delightful. They read the latest book and then write reviews on the ones they like. Then there are those who write on films, so they get to see them even before they are shown in the cinema. How lucky, you would say!

A reporter's job can also be very dangerous. A number of them have died rushing from one assignment to another, and if there is a flood or a riot(暴乱) they may get hurt or even be killed. Three years ago there was a reporter whose camera was smashed by a group of men, because they were angry with him for taking their picture. Dangerous or not, one thing is certain, and that is, their job is never dull!

58. What does the underlined phrase "on the rush" mean in the passage?
A. on the beach B. in a hurry C. on the spot D. in no time
59. Reporters who write on films are said to be lucky because they _____.
A. can see the films before most people see them in the cinema
B. can see more film stars
C. can pay less than other people
D. can write anything they like
60. A reporter's work becomes dangerous when _____.
A. there is a flood or a riot
B. there is an interview with the prime minister
C. there is a football match
D. he is seeing a horror film
61. From the passage we can infer that, to be a good reporter, he must be all of the following except _____.
A. brave B. strong C. quick in mind D. well-informed

D

More than 6,000 children were expelled(开除) from the U. S. schools last year for bringing guns and bombs to schools, the U. S. Department of Education said on May 8.

The department gave a report on the expulsions(开除) as saying handguns accounted for 85 percent of the 6,093 expulsions in 1996-97, against 7 percent for rifles(步枪) or shotguns and 25 percent for other types of firearms.

"The report is a clear sign that our nation's public schools are cracking down(严惩) on students who bring guns to school." Education Secretary Richard Riley said in a statement. "We need to be tough-minded about keeping guns out of our schools and do everything to keep our children safe."

In March 1997, an 11-year-old and a 13-year-old boy using handguns and rifles shot dead four children and a

teacher at a school in Jonesboro, Arkansas. In October, two were killed and seven wounded in a shooting at a Mississippi school. Two months later, a 14-year-old boy killed three high school students and wounded five in Daduach, Kentucky.

Most of the expulsions, 56 per cent, were from high schools, which have students from about age 16. Nearly 34 per cent were from junior high schools and 9 per cent were from elementary schools, the report said.

62. From the first paragraph we can infer that in the U. S. schools _____.
A. students enjoy shooting B. students are eager to be soldiers
C. safety is a problem D. students can make guns
63. The report from the U. S. Department of Education shows that _____.
A. the number of the expulsions is not large
B. the number of the expulsions is wrong
C. there are soldiers hiding among the students
D. guns are out of control in the U. S. schools.
64. The main idea of Paragraph 4 shows us _____.
A. some examples of shooting in the U. S. schools
B. the American's feeling
C. some terrible accidents
D. that some teachers were killed by students
65. According to the passage, how many students were shot dead in 1997 in the U. S. schools?
A. 10 B. 9 C. 12 D. 22

E

Your parents always tell you that a solid education is the key to a successful future. For those of you that will be graduating from high school, the commitment(承诺) you made to complete your schooling has been fulfilled. Another few years in some college classroom just doesn't sound too attractive; so what are your choices? Let's see, Choice 1—You can live with your parents, leech on to them, and basically do nothing. Or Choice 2—You could get yourself a job. Of course, there are other choices, but for this little discussion, we'll just suppose that

they aren't relevant.

Okay, so Choice 2 is obviously going to be more productive. You're finally into the workplace and will be entering the real world. What would be a good place to start? Well, hopefully high school helped to give you some sort of an idea of what type of job you would like to enter. If not, then it would be a good idea to speak with an advisor or a person working in the field you may be interested in before you jump into a job that you won't like. Gaining knowledge on a particular line of work beforehand can be very effective by helping you in your search to find that job that you will enjoy doing. Another reason to research jobs and get some hands on work is related to the fact that it will also be helpful in buffing up your resume and providing you with some valued experience. Internships(见习) or volunteering are usually a good place to start.

If you are ready to begin a job after high school, the main benefits will clearly be saving money from high college expense and happily making a living in your chosen jobs. From another point of view, jumping into the workplace is sometimes the only way to see for yourself if you are ready to work a 40-hour week yet. If you decide that full time work is not what you are ready for, then this may suggest that you should go back to school and get a degree. Besides, a college degree will usually equal higher wages.

66. The underlined phrase "leech on to" in the first paragraph might mean "_____".

- A. help B. depend on
C. quarrel with D. take care of

67. The best title for this passage might be _____.

- A. Going to College
B. Where Should I Start
C. The Advantage of Starting Work Earlier
D. Jumping into Work after High School

68. The advantages of starting work right after high school include the following except _____.

- A. saving money
B. making sure if you are really ready to work
C. getting higher wages
D. getting to know if you should go back to school

69. Which of the following isn't mentioned in helping you find a suitable job?

- A. Ideas about jobs gained in high schools.
- B. Experience in work.
- C. Advice from teachers and parents.
- D. Internships and volunteering.

70. The writer intends the passage for readers who are _____.

- A. high school students
- B. college graduates
- C. high school graduates
- D. graduating high school students

第二卷（共 50 分）

第三部分：任务型阅读（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的七个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

A major source of teen stress is school exams, and test anxiety is not uncommon. When you recognize your teen is under stress, how can parents help your teen stay calm before an exam?

Be involved. Parents need to be involved in their teen's work. 71 What they look for is your patience—to talk, to cry, or simply to sit with them quietly. Communicate openly with your teen. Encourage your teen to express her worries and fears, but don't let them focus on those fears.

Help them get organized. 72 Together, you and your teen can work out a timetable in which she can study for what she knows will be on the test.

Provide a calm setting. Help your teen set up a quiet place to study and protect her privacy. Give them a nutritious diet. It is important for your teen to eat a healthy, balanced diet during exam times to focus and do her best. 73 If this happens, encourage your teen to eat light meals or sandwiches.

74 Persuade your teenager to get some sleep and/or do something active when she needs a real break from studying. Help your teen balance her time so that she will feel comfortable taking time out from studying to

spend time with friends or rest.

Show a positive attitude. 75 Your panic, anxiety and blame contribute to your teen's pressure. Make your teen feel accepted and valued for her efforts. Most importantly, reassure your teen that things will be all right, no matter what the results are.

- A. Encourage your teen to relax.
- B. The best thing is simply to be there.
- C. They will only make the situation worse.
- D. Exam stress can make some teens lose their appetite.
- E. A parent's attitude will affect their teen's emotions.
- F. Your teen may also make negative comments about themselves.
- G. Help your teen think about what she has to study and plan accordingly.

第四部分：书面表达（共三节，满分 40 分）

第一节 选词填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

根据句意，选择适当的词并用其恰当的形式填空，每空只填一个词。

disappointed	offer	value	optimistic	relation
responsibility	imagine	suggest	narrow	crime

76. Chinese people traditionally use different fruits as _____ to pray to God.
77. To his _____, his father refused to give permission to attend the party.
78. The report attempts to _____ the rise in crime to an increase in unemployment.
79. We'll be _____ for the charges including any customs duties on export, as well as any service charges on exporting goods.
80. Nothing is more _____ than the knowledge you have gained.
81. He pointed a(an) _____ gun at me and pretended to shoot.
82. The police have described the man as a violent and dangerous _____.
83. _____ still believe we can solve the problem without going to war.

84. We welcome any comments and _____ on this plan.
85. Because we braked in time, we _____ missed hitting the other car.

第二节 汉译英（共 5 小题；每小题 3 分，满分 15 分）

请把下列句子翻译成英语（括号中的提示词必须用，不用作零分记）。

86. 我建议他在高峰时段乘坐地铁上班。(recommend)
87. 他们迷失在茫茫大海上，在恶劣的天气面前一点办法也没有。(mercy)
88. 尽管前面的道路上还有许多困难，但我们决心要取得更大的成就。(determine)
89. 你迟到了。要是你早来几分钟，你就见到他了。
90. 聪明的学生在课堂上会把注意力集中在老师的讲授上。(fix)

第三节 写作（满分 15 分）

根据下面提供的情景，写一段接续文字。字数 50—80。

You and Tom are in the same class and are good friends. Today he is absent. Miss Louise, your head teacher, asks you where Tom is. You know what happened to him.

You tell Miss Louise the following story:

参考答案

听力（略）

单项填空

1—5 BBDAD 6—10 CABAD 11—15 CDCDC 16—20 ACBDA

21—25 ABCAD 26—30 CABCC

完形填空

31—35 ADCBB 36—40 DCBAD 41—45 BACAA 46—50 DCBDC

阅读理解

51—55 ACCDD 56—60 DBBAA 61—65 BCDAB 66—70 BDCCD

任务型阅读

71—75 BGDAE

选词填空

76. offerings 77. disappointment 78. relate 79. responsible

80. valuable 81. imaginary 82. criminal 83. Optimists

84. suggestions 85. narrowly

汉译英

86. I recommend that he should go to work by subway in the rush hour.

87. They were lost at sea, totally at the mercy of the bad weather.

88. Although many difficulties are still ahead, we are determined to make greater achievements.

89. You are late. If you had arrived a few minutes earlier, you would have seen him.

90. A wise student will always fix his attention on the teaching in class.

写作

Both of us belong to a cycling club and we have trainings every weekend. It was raining yesterday but it made no difference. We went for the training as usual. We climbed up a small hill without much difficulty. But when we rode downward, Tom fell off his bike and hurt his left leg seriously. Now he is in hospital.