

北京市石景山区 09-10 学年高一上学期期末考试（英语）

一、单项填空

1. I find listening to music very _____.
A. relaxing B. relax C. relaxed D. to relax
2. The little boy _____ a sand castle when the wave pushed him over and almost swept him out to sea.
A. builds B. building C. was building D. has been building
3. I think I'm going to _____ a new hobby. Maybe stamp collecting.
A. give up B. blow up C. put up D. take up
4. My brother is _____ university student. He is studying in Beijing.
A. a B. the C. an D. /
5. --- I agree with you, but you also have to remember that by taking the bus you're also saving money.
--- _____ I hadn't thought of that.
A. No way B. That's brilliant!
C. You've got a point there. D. I don't agree.
6. You have absolutely no choice in the matter. You _____ do it, otherwise people will get hurt.
A. should B. ought to C. have to D. can
7. _____ Neil Armstrong became the first man to walk on the moon in 1969, very few astronauts have followed in his footsteps.
A. Since B. Although C. Because D. So that
8. Something _____ makes me really mad is when people push on trains and buses.
A. who B. that C. / D. which
9. I'm _____ exercising in the evening so when I try to run in the morning, my body feels stiff and uncomfortable.
A. use to B. using to C. used D. used to
10. She's _____ lots of different sports but basketball is definitely her favorite.
A. worked out B. figured out C. tried out D. found out
11. ---Hello, can I speak to Mr.Rosenberg?
--- _____
A. When? B. Pardon? C. Yes. D. Why?
12. I'm bring my camera with me to New York _____ I can take photos of the Statue of Liberty and Times Square.
A. so that B. before C. as D. though
13. My brother can never find anything in the kitchen because he never looks _____ the first row of things in the cupboard!
A. in B. under C. behind D. on

14. If we had virtual reality holidays, we _____ have any problems with the weather.
 A. won't B. shouldn't C. mustn't D. wouldn't
15. --- Have you moved into the new house?
 --- Not yet. The rooms _____.
 A. are painting B. are being painting C. are painted D. are being painted

二、完型填空

The Future of Cyberspace

In the last thirty years, the Internet has grown rapidly. In 1983, there were 26 200 Computers connected to the Internet: now there are around 50 million and this 27 is clearly going to continue.

Some experts are pessimistic about the future. One 28 is crime in cyberspace. Even now, young hackers can 29 the computers of banks and governments. In the future, terrorists may "attack" the world's computers, cause chaos, and make planes and trains 30.

However, 31 people are optimistic about the future of the Internet. Already, users 32 buy books, find out about holiday 33, book tickets, and get all sorts of information from the Internet.

"In the next few years," says Angela Rossetto of Cyberia magazine, "it is 34 that we are going to see a huge growth in shopping on the Internet." She also believes that in the future, we will get 35 from the Net and that television will probably disappear. The mail service may also disappear with the 36 use of e-mail.

Some experts see out future in virtual reality --- the use of computers 37 sounds and pictures that 38 you feel as if you are in a 39 situation. "Personally, I think virtual reality will become a part of modern life." says Australian expert Peter Anderson.

"I see people 40 and working in a virtual world. We will work in virtual offices, shop in virtual supermarkets, and we will even study in virtual schools."

26. A. already B. only C. finally D. exactly
27. A. growth B. number C. speed D. step
28. A. fact B. worry C. result D. danger
29. A. run into B. put into C. look into D. get into
30. A. crash B. fly C. fall D. run
31. A. several B. few C. some D. many
32. A. will B. can C. may D. shall
33. A. sites B. hotels C. offers D. meals
34. A. different B. strange C. clear D. lucky
35. A. information B. entertainment C. enjoyment D. news

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| 36. A. planning | B. hoping | C. continuing | D. increasing |
| 37. A. for | B. in | C. with | D. about |
| 38. A. make | B. get | C. help | D. take |
| 39. A. real | B. virtual | C. happy | D. true |
| 40. A. playing | B. shopping | C. living | D. studying |

三、阅读理解：

A

(English Newspaper, March 19) English newspaper needs a foreign editor. He(She) must have worked in China for more than 2 years. British nationality is necessary. The salary is \$100,000 a year. The term is 3 years. In ten days this piece of ads will not be useful. Tele: 3890066; Address: No.6 Xinling Road ...

(China Football, February 3, 2010)

Shanghai Shenhua Team Vs Beijing Guo'an Team

Time: February 6, Saturday (3:10)

Place: Hongkou Stadium

Ticket Price: RMB 25 yuan (for adults)

RMB 15 yuan (for students)

Name: China Cup Football Contest

Coaches: Jia Xiuquan, Zhao Xudong

41. This English Newspaper's editor must be _____ working in China for more than 2 years.
 A. a foreigner B. an American C. a Chinese D. an Englishman
42. Where and When will the football match be?
 A. in Hongkou Stadium on February6 B. in Hongkou Stadium on February3
 C. in Guo'an Stadium on February6 D. in Shenhua Stadium on February3
43. If three adults and six students want to watch the match, the tickets will cost RM B. _____ yuan.
 A. 195 B. 135 C. 165 D. 225

B

You've no doubt heard people say how much they "need" a holiday, when what they really mean is that they want one. Certainly, people working under pressure feel a very strong desire to escape from work and become less tight during their holidays, and experience a changed environment

However, work for many people today is office work and mental, rather than physical tasks. These people may seek much more energy-taking activities while on holiday, rather than simply lying on a beach.

Once people become used to going on holiday, taking holidays becomes a habit. For many people the holiday is one of the last things to be given up, and indeed many workers have chosen to spend some of their last pay when being on holiday. It may give them a "lift" in facing some difficulties in life.

Most of us also enjoy showing off the lovely tans—dark skins we get from a holiday. So many tourists are now able to afford holidays in the sun that tans have become quite common; although we join a tan together with health, it has been fully shown that too much sunshine will result in high danger of skin problems, as well as drying out one's skin and leading to more lines on your face later in life.

44. According to the passage above, more and more people choose to have holidays because they _____.
- A. hate working indoors all the time B. want to get away from work
C. love enjoying the beauties of nature D. become rich and want a better life
45. When office people have holidays, they often _____.
- A. lie on the beach and enjoy sunshine B. spend more than they can afford
C. think about their work on the beach D. choose to do more physical exercise
46. A holiday may _____ when one has to face some difficulties in life.
- A. cheer someone up B. help someone find a job
C. be the last thing to be given up D. bring good luck to someone
47. At the end of the passage the writer tries to tell the reader _____.
- A. the importance of getting sunshine B. the bad effect of being on holiday
C. the result of getting sun tanned D. the healthy look of being tanned

C

There are many kinds of heroes. Even animals can be heroes. This month's newsletter tells about three amazing animals. Each one is a hero!

Thumper the Dog

Thumper was a dog that lived with a family which had a three-year-old son named Benjamin. One day Benjamin wandered into a large field. The grass in the field was taller than he was, so he could not find his way out. Hundreds of people began to search for Benjamin. When they found him, they saw Thumper stayed with Benjamin and kept him warm. So Benjamin had stayed safe and calm.



Lulu the Pig

The Altsmans had a pet pig named Lulu. One summer the couple went camping and took Lulu with them. The husband went fishing one morning. The wife didn't feel well, so she and Lulu stayed in the camper. Suddenly Mrs. Altsman fell to the floor. Lulu pushed the camper door open and climbed out to locate help. When a car came by, she lay down in front of it. When the driver got out, Lulu led him back to the camper. The man called for help and Mrs. Altsman was taken to hospital.



Sugar the Cat

Sugar was a beautiful cat. Three years ago she wandered onto the Woods' farm in California and Mrs. Woods began feeding her. Mrs. Woods noticed something wrong with the cat's left leg, but this didn't make Sugar any less special. Mrs. Woods loved Sugar. Later the couple moved to a new farm in Oklahoma. They gave Sugar to a neighbor who would take good care of her, because they knew she wouldn't like riding in cars for days. However, Sugar walked across deserts and mountains and traveled more than 1,500 miles to the Woods' new farm! Mr. and Mrs. Woods could hardly believe their eyes. No one knows how Sugar found her way to Oklahoma.



48. What is the passage mainly about?

- A. Lovely pigs.
- B. Unknown heroes.
- C. New friends.
- D. Amazing animals.

49. How did Thumper help Benjamin?

- A. By searching for him in the field.
- B. By finding the way out for him.
- C. By staying with him all the time.
- D. By cutting the grass around him.

50. Why did Lulu lie down on the road?

- A. To get help.
- B. To watch the cars.
- C. To have a sleep.
- D. To ask for a lift.

51. What did Sugar do in the story?

- A. Sugar tried to find help.
- B. Sugar protected her owners.
- C. Sugar went camping with her owners.
- D. Sugar went a long way to find her owners.

D



Today, roller skating is easy and fun. But many years ago, it wasn't easy at all. Before 1750, people never tried skating on wheels. That changed because of a man named Joseph Merlin. Merlin's work was making instruments. In his free time he liked to play the violin. Merlin was a man with many ideas and many dreams. People called him a dreamer.

One day Merlin received an invitation to go to an important party. He was very pleased and a little excited. As the day of the party came near, Merlin began to think. He wanted to find a way to make a wonderful entrance at the party. Merlin had an idea. He thought that he would attract a lot of attention if he could skate into the room.

Merlin tried difficult ways to make himself roll. Finally, he decided to put two wheels under each shoe. These were the first roller skate shoes. Merlin was very proud of them. He dreamed of arriving at the party and skating into the room while playing the violin. He was sure that everyone would be very surprised.

On the night of the party Merlin rolled into the room, playing his violin. Everyone was really surprised to see him. There was just one problem. Merlin had no way to stop his roller skating. He rolled on, playing the violin. Then, with all eyes on him, Merlin hit into a huge mirror on the wall. The mirror broke into many pieces with a very loud noise.

Nobody forgot Merlin's wonderful entrance after that.

52. People called Merlin a dreamer because _____.

- A. he slept and dreamed a lot
- B. he was full of different ideas
- C. he always made people's dreams come true

D. he invented the first roller skates

53. _____ made Merlin think of skating on wheels.

A. Merlin's work B. Merlin's violin C. A huge mirror D. An important party

54. What was Merlin's problem after he rolled into the room?

A. He couldn't stop his roller-skating. B. He couldn't attract a lot of attention.
C. Everyone was surprised at him. D. He couldn't play the violin while rolling.

55. What is the main point the writer is trying to make in the last paragraph?

A. The roller skates needed further improvement.
B. Merlin succeeded beyond expectation.
C. The party guests took Merlin for a fool.
D. Merlin got himself into trouble.

四、书面表达

根据题目所提出的具体要求，写出一篇连贯的短文。词数不少于 60。

互联网上有一个世界各国中学生的交友网站。请你根据下面提供的信息，用英语完成一份个人情况的介绍，并说明你交友的愿望和原因。请将短文完整地写在答题纸上。

Name: Li Hua

Age: 15

School: Sunshine Middle School

School life: have 8 classes; have sports; ...

Hobby: reading books; watching films ...

Wish: ... (give at least one reason)

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一、单项填空

1. 答案：A 解析： 本体考察句式结构。Find sth + adj. 因为形容事情所以用 ing 形式。
2. 答案：C 解析： 考察时态。从句 when the wave pushed him over and almost swept him out to sea 表示过去时间点发生的动作，因此过去时间点上发生动作过去进行时。
3. 答案：D 解析： 考察动词搭配。Give up 放弃 blow up 吹走 put up 搭建 take up 占用，从事。
4. 答案：A 解析： 考察冠词。University 发音是辅音开头，所以应该用 a。
5. 答案：C 解析： 考察情景交际。You've got a point there.意思是你说得很对。
6. 答案：C 解析： 考察情态动词。根据前面句子意思，表明后面的这种情况是不得不。注意四个选项的意思。
7. 答案：A 解析： 考察状语从句。Since 在这里是自从的意思，since 翻译为自从后面跟句子必须用一般过去时，主句应该是现在完成时。
8. 答案：B 解析： 考察定语从句。当先行词是不定代词，定语从句引导词必须用 that。
9. 答案：D 解析： 考察短语搭配。Be used to doing 的意思是习惯于做某事。
10. 答案：C 解析： 考察短语搭配。Work out 解决 figure out 算出 try out 尝试 found out 查明。
11. 答案：B 解析： 考察交际用语。
12. 答案：A 解析： 考察状语从句。本题考察 so that 引导的目的状语从句。
13. 答案：C 解析： 考察介词。根据句意，可以判断用后面。
14. 答案：D 解析： 考察虚拟语气。本题是对于过去的虚拟，从句用过去完成时，主句用 would have done 的形式。
15. 答案：D 解析： 考察时态。根本语境应该用进行时的被动语态。

共考察了时态 2 虚拟语气 1 介词 1 状语从句 2 交际用语 2 动词短语 3 定语从句 1 情态动词 1 冠词 1 固定句式 1

二、完型填空

26. 答案：B 考察点：副词。根据后文有 50 million，于前文有对比，所以用 ONLY。
27. 答案：A 考察点：名词。根据句意。而且后面有 continue，可以判断。
28. 答案：B 考察点：名词。根据前面 pessimistic 可以判断后面应该用 worry。

29. 答案: D 考察点: 动词短语。黑客只能是进入所以选择 D。
30. 答案: A 考察点: 动词。后面他说是火车和飞机, 所以只能用 crash, 其他的选项不符合文意。
31. 答案: D 考察点: 代词。前面提到很多分, 后面再笔锋一转, 说明还是有很多人持乐观的态度。
32. 答案: B 考察点: 情态动词。根据句意是使用者能够买书, 找到度假信息, 预定机票等服务在上面,
33. 答案: C 考察点: 名词。找度假信息, 应该选择 offer, 其他的选项都太过于片面。
34. 答案: C 考察点: 形容词。根据前文他持有乐观态度, 所以他应该很自信这件事情, 因此应该选 C。
35. 答案: B 考察点: 名词。在网上应该得到娱乐, 用快乐太过于抽象。
36. 答案: D 考察点: 动词。前后有明显得对比, 随着邮件的使用, 那种邮寄服务将会消失。
37. 答案: C 考察点: 介词。文中指使用电脑带有声音和图片, 因此选择 C。
38. 答案: A 考察点: 动词。B 和 B 的选项没有接 sb do sth 的形式, 根据句意只能选 A。
39. 答案: A 考察点: 形容词。后面提到 as if 所以应该用虚拟, 所以这里应该填真实的社会, 前面提到了虚拟社会, 因此选择 A。
40. 答案: C 考察点: 动词。这里应该用一个比较高度概括性的词, 因此用 C。共考察了动词 4 名词 4 形容词 2 副词 1 情态动词 1 代词 1 介词 1 动词短语 1

三、阅读理解:

A

41. 解析: D。事实细节题。根据“British nationality is necessary”可知。
42. 解析: A。事实细节题。根据“Time: February 6, Saturday (3:10) Place: Hongkou Stadium”可知。
43. 解析: C。事实细节题。根据“RMB 25 yuan (for adults) RMB 15 yuan (for students)”可知。

B

44. 解析: B。事实细节题。根据“people working under pressure feel a very strong desire to escape from work and become less tight during their holidays”可知。
45. 解析: D。事实细节题。根据“These people may seek much more energy-taking activities while on holiday”可知。
46. 解析: A。事实细节题。根据“many workers have chosen to spend some of their last pay when being on holiday. It may give them a “lift” in facing some difficulties in life. ”可知。
47. 解析: C。推断题。根据“although we join a tan together with health, it has been fully shown that too much sunshine will result in high danger of skin problems, as well as drying out one’s skin and leading to more lines on

your face later in life.”表达的意思是尽管在太阳底下暴晒有好处，但是同时它也有危害。

C

48. 解析：B。文章主旨题。根据首段讲的是各种各样动物的英雄，所以应该用 B。
49. 解析：C。事实细节题。根据“When they found him, they saw Thumper stayed with Benjamin and kept him warm. So Benjamin had stayed safe and calm.”可知
50. 解析：A。事实细节题。根据“ulu pushed the camper door open and climbed out to locate help.”可知
51. 解析：D。段落主旨题。根据最后一句话可知，猫在找主人的故事。

D

52. 解析：B。事实细节题。根据第一段最后一句可知。
53. 解析：D。事实细节题。结合第二段和第三段第一句话可知。
54. 解析：A。事实细节题。根据最后两段可知，其他三个选项与文章不符。
55. 解析：B。推断题。选项 A 属于没有依据的推断；选项 C 与文章表达意思刚好相反，选项 D 也不对，因为作者写这篇文章后面这个例子是为了证明他发明了 roller-skating。所以只能选择 B。

事实细节题 11 推断题 2 主旨题 2

四、书面表达

参考范文：

My name is Li Hua, a Chinese boy of 15. I'm studying in Sunshine Middle School. I have eight classes every day. They are Chinese, Math, English and so on. After school I usually play sports a lot. In my spare time I like reading books, watching films and playing computer games.

I want to make friends with the students from other countries on the website and I will be able to know what they think and what they do. Besides it's a good chance for me to practice my English. I hope I can find some friends who share the same interest with me.

分析：写作时应该注意要点，句式以及文章的逻辑性。这篇自我介绍性的文章学生应该非常熟悉，所以建议在写作的时候可以多用句型时文章多出亮点。