深圳牛津英语 9 年级 chapter11 考点汇编

重点词汇：

1.be good /bad for 对….有好/坏处

2.identify with 与…产生共鸣

3.take action to do 采取行动做某事

4.put pressure on 施加压力

5.earn big money 挣大钱

6.allow sb. to do sth. 允许某人做某事

7.turn into 变成

8.disagree with sb.不同意某人

9.encourage sb. to do 鼓励某人做某事

10.get the attention of 引起…的注意

11.point of view=opinion 观点

12.ban sb. from doing 禁止某人做某事 ban to do

13.be weathy/rich in 在…方面富裕

14.have an effect on 对…有影响

15.advertise v.做广告 advertiser n.广告商

advertisement n.广告 advertising n.做广告，广告宣传

16.wealthy adj. Wealth n.

17.ask sb for sth 向某人要某物

18.build up 树立

19.put away 收起来，放好

20.train ….to….训练…..做…..

21.increase gradually 逐渐增加

II.同义短语。

1.in addition= besides= what's more 此外

2.in addition to=besides =as well as

3.put pressure on sb to do sth= force sb to do sth 迫使某人做某事

4.earn money = make money

5.identify with = feel the same way as

6.illegal=not allowed by the law 非法的

考点汇编:

考点 1：Bare infinitives after *let* and *make*

例句：I think we should not let the children act in TV advertisements. let 和 make 后面的动词 act 必须用原形动词。(Part B) 但 make 的被动的形式则要在后面的动词前加 to.

试题：The workers were made _____ work more than twelve hours a day.

A. to work　　B. work.　　C. worked.　　D. working.

考点 2：Infinitives after B verbs

例句：Its aim is to make children ask their parents for money to buy things.. (Part C)

他的目的是让孩子向父母要钱去买东西。

试题：-- What are you going to do in the future?.

-- My dream is _____ a famous singer.

A．becoming　B．to become　C. become　D．became

考点 3：比较级的使用

例句：Asian families are getting smaller and wealthier. (L5, P147)

亚洲的家庭变得越来越小而富有。

试题：Our country is getting _____ .

A. more and more beautiful　　B. beautifuler and beautifuler

C. more beautiful and more beautiful　D. much beautiful

考点 4：put pressure on sb. to do sth. 强迫某人去做某事 (force sb. to do sth.)

例句：The government may ban an advertisement which puts too much pressure on children to buy things. (倒数第一排, P147) 政府可能取缔施压让孩子买东西的广告。

试题：Parents shouldn't put too much pressure on their kids ___ good grades in study.

A. to get　B. get　C. getting　D. gets

Teachers shouldn't put pressure on students to do too much homework.

考点 5：in addition 此外

例句：In addition, many things that are advertised, such as toys, are silly and encourage violence.

此外，许多做广告宣传的像玩具一类的东西是愚蠢甚至鼓励暴力的. (L5, P147)

试题：In addition, he passed the English exam .(同义句)

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考点 6：identify with 与。。。产生共鸣 =/ share have the same feeling as …

例句： The kids can identify with someone from their own age group.

孩子们可以和他们的同龄人产生共鸣。(L9, 147)

试题： They identify with the actress in the film. 解释

考点 7：定语从句

例句： The government may ban an advertisement which puts too much pressure on children to buy things.

(倒数第一排, P147) 政府可能取缔施压让孩子买东西的广告

试题： The tallest man _____ is shaking hands with our head teacher there is our headmaster.

A. which B. whom C. who D. that

考点 8：point of view

试题：What is your point of view?(同义句)

Chapter 11

序号	单词	词性	中文	检测
1	point of view		观点	
2	commercial	n.	（电台或电视台播放的）广告	
3	advertising	n.	做广告；广告宣传	
4	viewer	n.	电视观众	
5	illegal	adj.	违法的	
6	spender	n.	花钱的人	
7	target	n.	目标；对象	
8	consumer	n.	消费者	
9	wealthy	adj.	富裕的	
10	advertiser	n.	广告商；广告人员；广告公司	
11	earn	v.	赚；挣得	
12	educator	n.	教育工作者；教师	
13	materialistic	adj.	物质享乐主义的；贪图享乐的	
14	possessions	n.	财产	
15	take action		采取行动	
16	authority	n.	当局；官方	

17	ban	v.	禁止；取缔	
18	put pressure on		强迫；促使；劝说（某人做某事）	
19	in addition		此外	
20	furthermore	adv.	此外；而且	
21	product	n.	产品	
22	feature	n.	特点；特色	
23	separately	adv.	分开地；分别地	
24	link	v.	连接	
25	join	v.	连接	
26	benefit	n.	益处	
27	cigarette	n.	香烟	
28	alcoholic	adj.	含酒精的	
29	service	n.	服务	
30	inconvenience	n.	麻烦；不方便之处	