北京市师大附中 2012 届上学期高三年级开学测试英语试卷

本试卷共 150 分。考试时长 100 分钟。

第一部分：听力理解 (共三节，30 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，共 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一道小题，从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你将有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话你将听一遍。

1. When will the lecture begin?

A. 7: 30.　　B. 7: 45.　　C. 7: 50.

2. Where will they meet?

A. At the museum.　　B. At the garden.　　C. At the dentist's.

3. How often is the newspaper published in the summer vacation?

A. Every day.　　B. Once a week.　　C. Twice a week.

4. What does the woman mean?

A. The performance was poor.

B. She lost her watch last night.

C. She was late for the performance.

5. Why does the woman talk to the manager?

A. To ask for help.

B. To praise an employee.

C. To see the store owner.

第二节(共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，共 15 分)

听下面 4 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几道小题，从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有 5 秒钟的时间阅读每小题。听完后，每小题将给出 5 秒钟的做答时间。每段对话或独白你将听两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6 至 7 题。

6. Why did the police officer want to see the man's license?

A. He was speeding.

B. He took the wrong turn.

C. He knocked the road sign down.

7. What did the police officer finally do?

A. She gave the man a ticket.

B. She warned him and then let him go.

C. She took the man to the police station.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8 至 9 题。

8. What does the man think of Abby's presentation?

A. It's well-organized. B. It's too long. C. It's well prepared.

9. What should Abby do to improve her presentation?

A. Speak clearly B. Be more confident. C. Avoid long pauses.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What is the relationship between the two speakers?

A. Colleagues. B. Classmates. C. Neighbors.

11. How do they know whether the classes are canceled?

A. By reading a notice.

B. By receiving messages.

C. By listening to the radio.

12. How will the man feel if the classes are cancelled?

A. Happy. B. Worried. C. Angry.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 13 至 15 题。

13. Which country can you go if you fly with Blue Airlines?

A. Japan. B. Australia. C. Canada.

14. What should a customer do to receive a discount?

A. Book a ticket within this week.

B. Book a holiday on the first of June.

C. Book a flight to Europe on weekends.

15. What is the purpose of the advertisement?

A. To introduce Blue Airlines' new aircraft.

B. To attract people to fly with Blue Airlines.

C. To advertise Blue Airlines' excellent services.

第三节(共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，共 7.5 分)

听下面一段对话，完成第 16 至第 20 五道小题，每小题仅填写一个词。听对话前，你将有 20 秒钟的时间阅读试题，听完后你将有 60 秒钟的作答时间。这段对话你将听两遍。

What has been done to reduce pollution?

by Jane & Peter

government：have tighter pollution __16__

180 countries signed an agreement to reduce their __17__ gases

car producers：design cars that use __18__ gas

design cars powered by the __19__

people： walk or __20__ to work

第二部分：知识运用 (共两节，60 分)

第一节单项填空 (共 20 小题；每小题 1. 5 分，共 30 分)

从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

例：It's so nice to hear from her again._____, we last met more than thirty years ago.

A. What's more　　B. That's to say

C. In other words　　D. Believe it or not

答案是 D。

21. The girl arranged to have piano lessons at the training centre with her sister_____she would stay for an hour.

A. where　　B. who　　C. which　　D. what

22. It is no_____arguing with Bill because he will never change his mind.

A. use　　B. help　　C. time　　D. way

23. Owen wouldn't eat anything_____he cooked it himself.

A. until　　B. since　　C. unless　　D. while

24. The engineers are so busy that they have zero time for outdoor sports activities, ____they have the interest.

A. wherever　　B. whenever　　C. even if　　D. as if

25. That is the only way we can imagine____the overuse of water in students' bathrooms.

A. reducing　　B. to reduce　　C. reduced　　D. reduce

26. If Joe's wife won't go to the party, _____.

A. he will either　　B. neither will he

C. he neither will　　D. either he will

27.____ their hats into the air, the fans of the winning team let out loud shouts of victory.

A. To throw　　B. Thrown　　C. Throwing　　D. Being thrown

28. I have to see the doctor because I____a lot lately.

A. have been coughing　　B. had coughed　　C. coughed　　D. cough

29. She stared at the painting, wondering where she____it.

A. saw　　B. has seen　　C. sees　　D. had seen

30. The traffic is heavy these days. I____arrive a bit late, so could you save me a place?

A. can　　B. must　　C. need　　D. might

31. Alexander tried to get his work_____in the medical circles.

A. to recognize　　B. recognizing　　C. recognize　　D. recognized

32.—The weather has been very hot and dry.

—Yes. If it had rained even a drop, things would be much better now! And my vegetables_____.

A. wouldn't die　　B. didn't die　　C. hadn't died　　D. wouldn't have died

33. Either you or one of your students_____to attend the meeting that is due tomorrow.

A. are B. is C. have D. be

34. The company had about 20 notebook computers but only one-third____used regularly. Now we have 60 working all day long.

A. is B. are C. was D. were

35. Tired, Jim was fast asleep with his back_____a big tree.

A. in B. below C. beside D. against

36. You_____buy a gift, but you can if you want to.

A. must B. mustn't C. have to D. don't have to

37. The field research will take Joan and Paul about five months; it will be a long time_____we meet them again.

A. after B. before C. since D. when

38. —The food here is nice enough.

—My friend_____me a right place.

A. introduces B. introduced

C. had introduced D. was introducing

39. Bob would have helped us yesterday, but he_____.

A. was busy B. is busy C. had been busy D. will be busy

40. —When did you last hear_____Jay?

—He phoned me this morning, and we agreed____a time and place to meet.

A. of, to B. about, with C. from, with D. from, on

第二节完形填空 (共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，共 30 分)

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

It was a cold Saturday morning. An old man walked slowly into the___41___. With shoulders bent forward, he leaned on his trusty stick with each 42 step.

His shabby clothes and warm personality made him 43 out from the usual breakfast crowd. Unforgettable were his eyes that shone like diamonds and thin lips 44 in a steady smile.

A young waitress named Mary__45__him drag toward a table by the window. She ran over to him, and said, "Here, sir. Let me give you a__46__with that chair. "

Without saying a word, he smiled and 47 . She pulled the chair away from the table. Steadying him with one arm, she helped him get comfortably__48__. Then she moved the table up close to him, and leaned his 49 against the table where he could reach it.

In a soft, clear voice, he said, "Thank you for your__50__."

"You're welcome, sir. "She replied__51__. "And my name is Mary. I'll be back in a moment, and__52__you need anything at all in the meantime, just wave at me! "

After he had finished his breakfast, Mary brought him the change from his ticket. Then she

__53__ him out from behind the table. She handed him his stick, and walked __54__ him to the front door. Holding the door open for him, she said, “Come back and see us, sir!”

He turned with his whole body and nodded with a __55__ smile. “You are very kind, ”he said softly.

When Mary went to clean his table, she was __56__ to find that under his plate there was a business card and a note on a napkin (餐巾纸). Under the napkin was a one hundred dollar bill!

The note on the napkin __57__, “Dear Mary, I respect you very much, and you respect yourself too. It shows by the way you __58__ others. You have found the secret of happiness. Your kind gestures will __59__ through those who meet you. ”

The next day she was told that the man she had __60__ on was me owner of the restaurant where she was working.

41. A. restaurant	B. shop	C. hospital	D. bank
42. A. big	B. quick	C. urgent	D. unhurried
43. A. get	B. look	C. stand	D. keep
44. A. held	B. made	C. remained	D. put
45. A. felt	B. noticed	C. discovered	D. realized
46. A. table	B. cushion	C. place	D. hand
47. A. nodded	B. obeyed	C. sat	D. hesitated
48. A. moved	B. stayed	C. seated	D. rested
49. A. chair	B. spoon	C. stick	D. plate
50. A. quickness	B. kindness	C. cleverness	D. politeness
51. A. happily	B. sadly	C. nervously	D. vaguely
52. A. until	B. though	C. because	D. if
53. A. called	B. helped	C. took	D. made
54. A. by	B. around	C. with	D. towards
55. A. confident	B. grateful	C. relieved	D. delicate
56. A. embarrassed	B. satisfied	C. disappointed	D. astonished
57. A. read	B. told	C. wrote	D. showed
58. A. please	B. admire	C. follow	D. treat
59. A. pass	B. shine	C. go .	D. pull
60. A. depended	B. served	C. waited	D. agreed

第三部分：阅读理解(共两节，40 分)

第一节：(共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，共 30 分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

Experience the Colorado River the Hualapai Way!
River Runners offers the ONLY One Day Whitewater trip

ANYWHERE at the GRAND CANYON!

Since 1973, Hualapai River Runners has been conducting whitewater raring (漂流) journeys on the Colorado River. Our experienced guides expertly sail along the river and share the history of the Canyon and the Hualapai people with you.

Visitors experience the excitement of whitewater rapids and then stop to enjoy the impressive beauty of Travertine Falls and a tasty lunch. No charge for children 2 years and under. ‘

One-Day Trip

Retail $249.00 + $79.00 (helicopter and round-trip ground transportation)

Whitewater rafting tours begin in Peach Springs. Hualapai River Runners transports you to Diamond Creek, which is the starting point for the 37 mile rafting tour. Lunch is included and upon arrival at the rafting tour termination point, fly out of the Grand Canyon by helicopter to Grand Canyon West.

Two-Day Trip

Retail $549. 00 + $79.00 (helicopter and round-trip ground transportation)

Two-day rafting trips with one night on the Colorado River. All supplies and meals are included. Two days in the Grand Canyon, on the Colorado River, allows more time to explore one of the Seven Wonders of the World.

Tours Include：

Round-trip transportation from Peach Springs to the starting point and from the termination point back to Peach Springs.

Snack, drinks and lunch(vegetarian meals available upon request)

Waterproof dry bags for storing your cameras, sunscreen, dry clothes, etc.

The helicopter part of transportation is weather permitting. If the helicopter transportation is cancelled because of bad weather, the raft will continue an additional two hours to South Cove and a maximum $20. 00 per customer will be given back.

Special Website booking rate 15% off rafting in April 2010. So book now!

Call us Toll Free Today! Tel: 1-888-868-9378

61. Where do whitewater rafting tours start?

A. Travertine Falls. B. Peach Springs.

C. Diamond Creek. D. Grand Canyon West.

62. We learn from the passage that_____.

A. Hualapai River Runners provides dry clothes

B. you will get $20 back if you are dissatisfied

C. the trip is free of charge for children under 2

D. online booking has a better offer all year round .

63. What is the purpose of the passage?

A. To attract people to the sights.

B. To explore the Hualapai culture.

C. To explain how to make a rafting trip.

D. To introduce the history of the Colorado River.

B

When students and parents are asked to rate subjects according to their importance, the arts are unavoidably at the bottom of the list. Music is nice, people seem to say, but not important. Too often it is viewed as entertainment, but certainly not an education priority(优先). This view is shortsighted. In fact, music education is beneficial and important for all students.

Music tells us who we are, because music is an expression of the beings who create it, it reflects their thinking and values, as well as the social environment it came from. Rock music represents a lifestyle just as surely as does a Schubert song. The jazz influence that George Gershwin and other musicians introduced into their music is obviously American because it came from American musical traditions. Music expresses our character and values. It gives us identity as a society.

Music provides a kind of perception (感知) that cannot be acquired any other way. Science can explain how the sun rises and sets. The arts explore the emotive (情感的) meaning of the same phenomenon. We need every possible way to discover and respond to our world for one simple but powerful reason: No one way can get it all.

The arts are forms of thought as powerful in what they communicate as mathematical and scientific symbols. They are ways we human beings “talk” to each other. They are the language of civilization through which we express our fears, our curiosities, our hungers, our discoveries, our hopes. The arts are ways we give form to our ideas and imagination so that they can be shared with others. When we do not give children access to an important way of expressing themselves such as music, we take away from them the meanings that music expresses.

Science and technology do not tell us what is means to be human. The arts do. Music is an important way we express human suffering, celebration, the meaning and value of peace and love.

So music education is far more necessary than people seem to realize.

64. According to Paragraph 1, students____.

A. regard music as a way of entertainment

B. disagree with their parents on education

C. view music as an overlooked subject

D. prefer the arts to science

65. In Paragraph 2, the author uses jazz an example to .

A. compare it with rock music

B. show music identifies a society

C. introduce American musical traditions

D. prove music influences people's lifestyles

66. According to the passage, the arts and science .

A. approach the world from different angles

B. explore different phenomena of the world

C. express people's feeling in different ways

D. explain what it means to be human differently

67. What is the main idea of the passage?

A. Music education deserves more attention.

B. Music should be of top education priority.

C. Music is an effective communication tool.

D. Music education makes students more imaginative.

C

For many businessmen online education has been a dream. Now it has come true. The investment (投资) in higher education, whether financial or in terms of time, has long been impossible for many of them. But well-known educational institutions have chosen to deliver an internet-based program, and these barriers have been lifted.

That is good news for people eager to improve themselves and is more attractive to employers. It is also a benefit to industry with better qualified candidates applying for jobs at every level.

Having the benefits of a higher qualification without going to the university campus is attractive to many students. Campus study means greater cost, while online programs are flexible and save time, whether at home or at work. Students can achieve their degrees without causing too much disruption to their career or home life.

In addition to affordable, flexible classes and greater convenience, students also have access to the online learning resources of many of the world's top educational institutions. They can also communicate with their tutors no matter what time it is or whether either party is away for any reason.

This has opened up the possibility of getting a qualification from a university or college that many students could only have dreamed of in the past. It also allows specialists to get the precise qualifications and focus on their studies. As well as seeing the increase of applicants from lower-incomes and housewives, studying online in the US is even becoming popular with younger people of college age.

Employers have become increasingly welcome and positive to online qualifications as more candidates earn them, especially if they're properly approved by the US Department of Education.

US institutions have led the way in online education provision. Many top US colleges and universities offer a range of online programs that are highly respected and in every way perfectly fit for adults who need to combine their studies with a working life.

68. According to Paragraph 1, many US colleges and universities_____.

A. have begun to lift the barriers to financial investment

B. have begun to run all internet-based program

C. have had a dream of offering online education

D. have gained financial investment

69. Why do people choose online education?

A. They can find jobs more easily than on-campus graduates.

B. They can get qualifications from US Department of Education.

C. They can save money and arrange their time and courses freely.

D. They can invest money in different courses provided online.

70. The underlined word "disruption" in the third paragraph probably mean_____.

A. dissatisfaction B. attention C. attraction D. interruption

71. Which would be a good title for the passage?

A. Adult Education Online

B. The Best of USA's Online Education

C. Top US Universities Offering Online Education

D. Online Education Taking the Place of Campus Education

D

Sometimes you may have a strong desire to do something strange or terrible. However, chances are that you don't act on your impulse (冲动), but let it pass instead. You know that to take the action is wrong in some way and that other people will not accept your behavior.

Perhaps the most interesting thing about the phenomenon of taboo behavior is how it can change over the years, how certain behavior and attitudes once considered taboo can become perfectly acceptable and natural at another point in time. Topics such as death, for example, were once considered so upsetting that it was a taboo to even talk about them. Now with the publication of important books such as *On Death and Dying* and *Learning to Say Goodbye*, people have become more aware of the importance of expressing feelings about death and, as a result, are more willing to talk about this taboo subject.

One of the newest taboos is the topic of fat. Unlike many other taboos, fat it's a topic that people talk about constantly. It's not taboo to talk about fat; it's taboo to be fat. The "in" look is thin, not fat. In the work world, most companies prefer youthful-looking, slim manager to sell their image as well as their products to the public. The thin look is associated with youth, vigor, and success. The fat person, on the other hand, is thought of as lazy and lacking in energy, self-discipline and self-respect. After all, how can people permit themselves to become fat? In an image-conscious society, thin is "in", fat is "out".

It's not surprising that millions of people have become obsessed (着迷) with staying slim and "in shape". The pursuit of a youthful physical appearance is not, however, the only reason for people's obsession with diet and exercise. Recent research has shown the importance of diet and exercise for personal health. As in most technologically developed nations, the life-style of people has changed since last century. Modern machines do all the physical labor. Cars and buses transport us quickly from point to point. As a result of

inactivity and disuse, people's bodies can easily become weak. In an effort to avoid such a fate (命运), millions of people are spending more of their time exercising. Parks are filled with joggers and bicyclists, and many companies are providing special exercise equipment for their employees to use during the work day.

72. What does the word "taboo" refer to in the passage?

A. A crime committed on impulse.

B. An unfavorable impression left on other people.

C. A strong desire to do something strange or terrible.

D. Behavior considered unacceptable to the society.

73. What does the underlined phrase "in" look probably mean?

A. The fashionable look. B. The hidden look.

C. The usual look. D. The inside look.

74. According to the passage, the common belief is that_____.

A. fat people are full of energy

B. thin people are more successful

C. fat people prefer to have fat bosses

D. thin people are less image-conscious

75. People pay more attention to diet and exercise because of____.

A. their need to kill time B. their love for sports

C. their concern for health D. their belief in hard work

第二节(共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，共 10 分)

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Most of us don't like to think too much about rubbish.__76__. However, household waste is a major contributor to our planet's waste problem. Like it or not, it needs to be managed if we are to have a brighter green future.

When it comes to being responsible for our own rubbish, the best way to approach it is by following the three golden rules of waste management, or the '3 Rs'—Reduce, Reuse and Recycle.

"The order is important.__77__," says Eugene Tay, Director of Green Future Solutions in Singapore, "Recycling still affects the environment and should be done last after reduce and reuse. "

But, when our efforts to reduce and reuse still result in an overflowing rubbish bin, the advantages of recycling cannot be ignored. "__78__,"says Amy Ho, Managing Director of World Wide Fund For Nature in Singapore. "The damage to our environment could then be slowed down as a result."

In fact, by recycling just one plastic bottle, you are saving not just the material to make a new one, but you also stop it from getting thrown into a landfill (垃圾掩埋场) for up to 700 years—and that's before it even starts to rot, __79__.

Recycling is so important that we really have no excuse not to do the simplest of household tasks that will make a difference.

“ 80 ,” says Ho. “Starting with recycling grey water for gardening purposes, to recycling materials such as glass, paper and iron—it all reduces the use of raw materials. ”

A. We put it in the bin and don’t think too far beyond that

B. The collective action of individuals can make a significant effect

C. It’s important for every household to make good use of grey water

D. Waste reduction and reuse is usually the best way to decrease waste

E. The three rules of waste management should be followed by every household

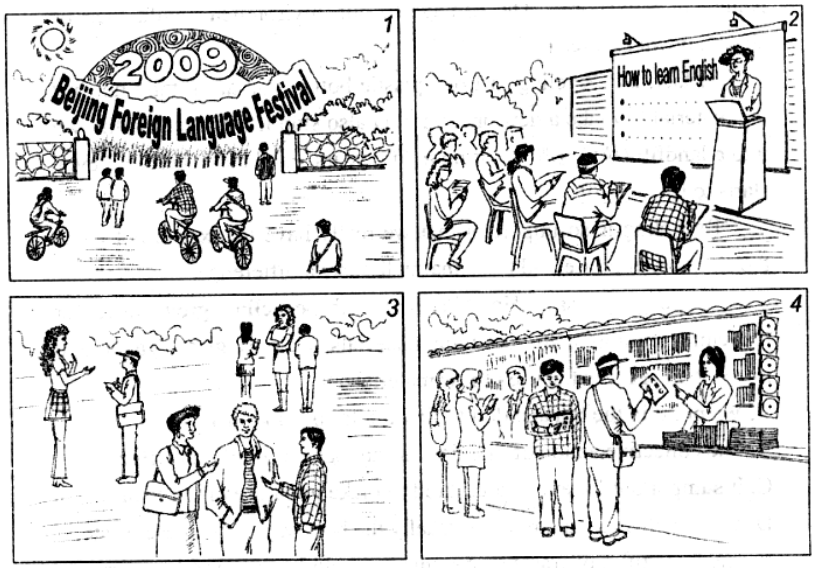
F. Recycling reduces the use of raw materials and so protects our natural resources

G. Recycling just 10% plastic bottles would keep 90 million kilograms of plastic out of landfills

第四部分：书面表达（共 20 分）

情景作文

假设你是红星中学高三（1）班的学生李华，10 月 25 日你和你的朋友王伟参加了“2009 北京外语游园会”（Beijing Foreign Language Festival 2009）请根据以下四幅图的先后顺序，以日记的形式记录当天的活动。词数不少于 60。



October 25 Sunday Sunny

Today I took part in Beijing Foreign Language Festival with my friend Wang Wei.