北师大附属实验中学 2008—2009 学年度第一学期期中

初 二 英 语 试 卷

第 I 卷 （69 分）

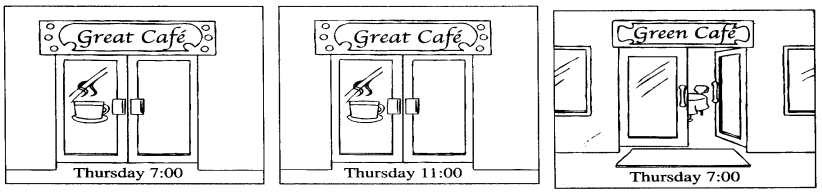
一. 听力 （共 15 分）

I. 听简短叙述，选图画。（每小题 0.5 分）

新听力 Listening

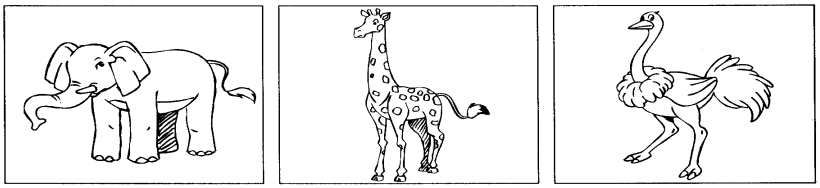
一、听简短叙述，选图画。你将听到 20 段简短叙述，每段叙述读两遍，听完以后，从 A、B、C 三幅图画中选出最符合内容的一幅。

Description 1



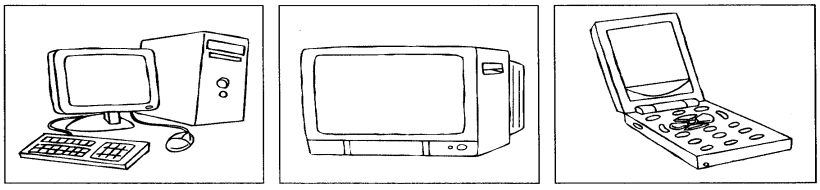
A B C

Description 2



A B C

Description 3



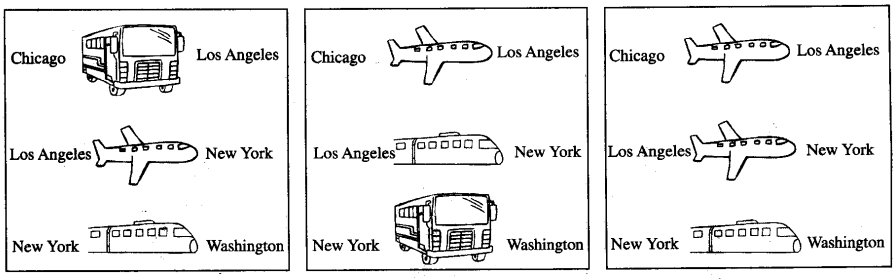
A B C

Description 4



A　　B　　C

Description 5



A　　B　　C

II. 听对话，选答案。（每小题 0.5 分）

听一段对话，回答 6-7 小题。

6. What does Jenny want to do this afternoon?

A. To do some reading.　　B. To see a movie.　　C. To have a swim

7. What time will they leave?

A. 3:00p.m.　　B. 4:00 p.m.　　C. 5:00 p.m.

听第二段对话，回答第 8-10 小题。

8. Where is the new sports center?

A. On Station Road.　　B. In Bridge Street.　　C. On Long Road.

9. What did Tony do in the sport center last week?

A. He played football and basketball.　　B. He played tennis and basketball.

C. He played table tennis and volleyball.

10.When will Mary and Tony go to the sports center?

A. Next Tuesday.　　B. Next Thursday.　　C. Next Friday.

III. 听短文，选答案。（每小题 1 分）

11. Where will they go?

A. A town. B. A city. C. A school.

12. How will they go there?

A. By train. B. By bus. C. On foot.

13. How long will it take them to get there?

A. Over 3 hours. B. Over 2 hours. C. Over 5 hours.

14. What will they take for lunch?

A. Rice B. Bread. C. Sandwiches.

15. What can they do after lunch?

A. Go swimming. B. Go shopping. C. Go boating.

IV. 听短文，写信息。（每小题 1 分）

(此题答案写在答案纸上，机读卡相应位置空出，不填涂)

Mike's age	He was ____16_____years old.
What happened?	A _____17_____ hit Mike one day.
Mike's problem	Maybe he would never _____18_____ up.
Result	Mike's _____19_____brought Cody to the hospital and the _____20_____woke him up.

二. 单项选择 (每小题 1 分， 共 20 分)

21. -- What are you going to do after the mid-term exams?

-- Well, I _____ yet.

A. won't decide B. have decided

C. didn't decide D. haven't decided

22. Who made the girl _____? Now she looks a little happier.

A. to stop crying B. stop to cry C. stop crying D. to stop to cry

23. -- She has brown hair, _____ she?

-- _____. Her hair is black.

A. hasn't; No, she hasn't B. doesn't; No, she doesn't

C. has; No, she hasn't　　D. does; No, she hasn't

24. -- Were you out yesterday afternoon?

--No, I _____ for my English test the whole afternoon.

A. have revised　B. was revising　　C. revised　　D. revise

25. -- I find it really difficult _____ a conversation in English.

-- I see. Maybe Miss Wang can give you _____ advice.

A. have, an　　B. to have, an　　C. have, some　　D. to have, some

26. --I want to improve my math. What should I do?

--Try_____ talk in class. You should listen to your teacher _____.

A. to not, more carefully　　B. to not, more careful

C. not to, more carefully　　D. not to, more careful

27. -- Hey, can you tell me the answer _____ the question in today's homework?

-- Well, _____ check your notebook and find out yourself?

A. of, why not　　B. with, why don't

C. in, why not　　D. to, why don't you

28. -- _____ have you _____ the same mistakes?

-- Ten times. I'll never do it again, I promise.

A. How many times, made　　B. How often, had

C. How many times, makes　　D. How many, had

29. -- Have you _____ abroad?

-- No, never. But I'd like _____ France and Italy one day.

A. gone, visiting　　B. been, to visit

C. gone, to visit　　D. been, visiting

30. -- Where is Alice? _____ you _____ her?

-- Oh, she's _____ to the gym.

A. Have, seen; gone　　B. Have, seen; been

C. Did, see; gone　　D. Did, see; been

31. -- You didn't really get a fifty-dollar-a-week raise, _____?

-- _____. I'm so happy!

A. did you; No, I did　　B. did you; No, I didn't

C. did you; Yes, I get　　D. did you; Yes, I did

32. Look at these words. Please _____in your notebook.

A. write it down　　B. write down it

C. write down them　　D. write them down

33. -- How much _____ you _____ your new bike?

-- It's a gift from my grandpa so it's *free*.

A. did, cost　　B. did, pay for　　C. have, spent in　　D. have, taken

34. -- Cathy is crying. What's the matter with her?

-- She's just _____ because her class _____ the competition just now.

A. exciting; won　　B. excited; has won

C. exciting; has won　　D. excited; won

35. -- Finally, I've got my report done!

-- When ____you ____it?

A. have, finished　B. did, finish　　C. were, doing　　D. will, do

36. The old man got sick last April and _____ in bed since then.

A. was　　B. had been　　C. has been　　D. would be

37. The bus _____ suddenly when a group of students ran onto the road.

A. stops　　B. stopped　　C. has stopped　　D. is stopping

38. -- Do you like the English song *Big Big World*?

-- Yes. It _____ very beautiful.

A. feels　　B. hears　　C. listens　　D. sounds

39. -- Will you be free this Saturday afternoon?

--_____ . I'll have to take part in the writing competition.

A. I think not　　B. I am afraid not

C. Nothing much　　D. I am not free

40. -- How about having pizza for dinner tonight? I hear you like western food.

-- _____

A. Thank you very much!　　B. What do you reckon?

C. That sounds like a good idea.　　D. Don't panic!

三、完形填空 （每小题 1 分，共 12 分 ）

In 1608 an Englishman named Thomas Coryate traveled in Italy. He liked the country and 41 down everything interesting. But he found one thing 42 interesting than the others. In his diary Thomas wrote:" 43 the Italians eat meat, they use small forks. They do not eat with their hands because, as they say, people do not always have 44 hands."

Before he went back to England, Thomas Coryate bought a few 45 .

At home Thomas had a dinner party to show the forks to his friends. When the steak (牛排) was brought out, he took out a fork and wanted to 46 the steak as the Italians did in Italy. His friends were 47 when they saw this. He told them what the fork was. They all said that 48 were very strange people because the fork was not easy to use at all. Thomas Coryate 49 to prove that his friends were 50 , so he began to show that it was easy to use the fork. But the first 51 of meat he took with the fork fell to the floor. His friends began to 52 at him and he had to take the fork away.

People in England began to use forks only fifty years later.

41.A.broke	B. wrote	C. went	D. came
42.A.less	B. much	C. even	D. more
43.A.Why	B. When	C. Which	D. Where
44.A.clean	B. big	C. dirty	D. safe
45.A.knives	B. dishes	C. forks	D. plates
46.A.use	B. eat	C. make	D. cut
47.A.worried	B. bored	C. tired	D. surprised
48. A. Englishmen	B. Italians	C. Italy	D. England
49. A. try	B. tried	C. find out	D. checked
50.A.honest	B. correct	C. wrong	D. clever
51.A.piece	B. kilo	C. pound	D. packet
52.A.scream	B. look	C. shout	D. laugh

四、阅读理解 （53-61 每小题 2 分，62-65 每小题 1 分，共 22 分 ）

读三张图，完成阅读

A

Last year some groups of students made a survey (调查) about “How do you spend your free time?” The following diagrams show some results of it.

Diagram (1): Hours for people of different ages who surf the Internet in a week.

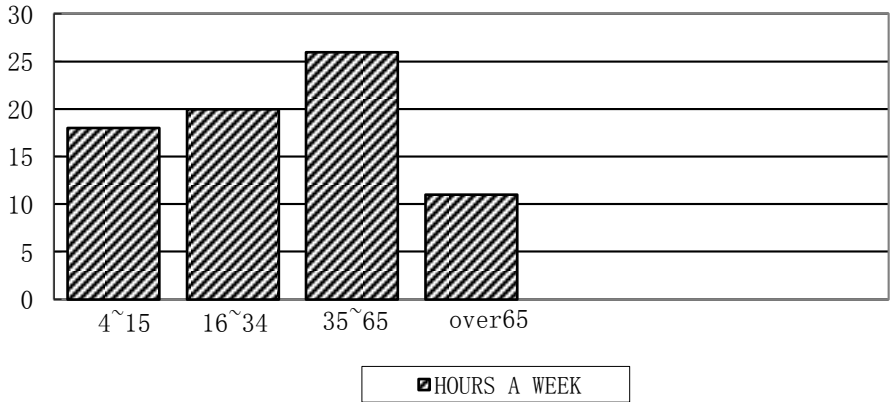


Diagram (2): Different days students go to the library. (Library Attendance)

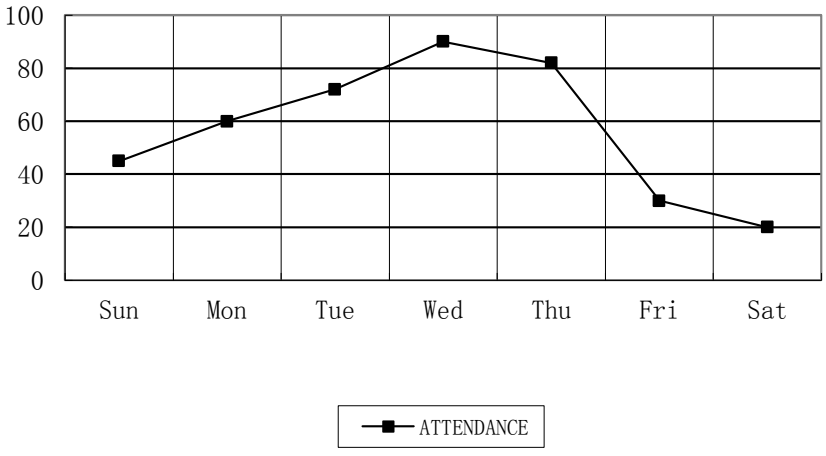
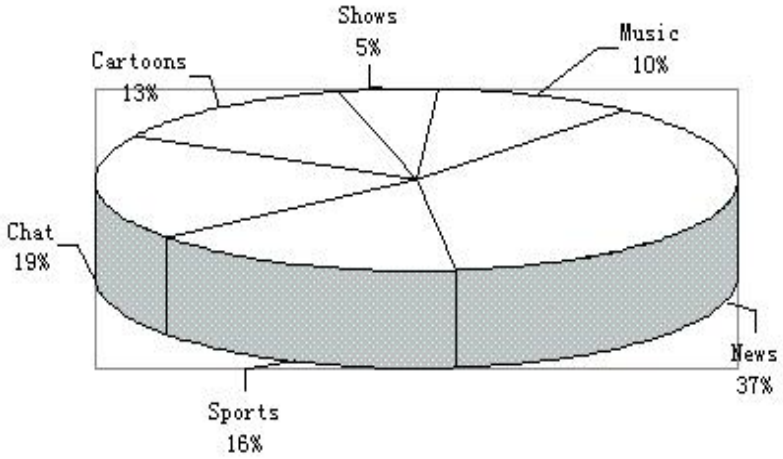


Diagram (3): Different programs people like.



53. People aged _____ spend the least time surfing the Internet every week.

A. 4-15 B. 16-34 C. 35-65 D. over 65

54. On _____ most of the students go to the library.

A. Sunday B. Monday C. Wednesday D. Thursday

55. According to the third diagram, about _____ of people like watching *Tom and Jerry*.

A. 16% B. 19% C. 13% D. 37%

B

French Film Festival

The fourth French Film Festival starts tomorrow, Friday, October 9. From Friday to Sunday there are eight different films. The ticket price of each film is $5.00. You can buy tickets at the Coleman Art Theater or by calling 555-9753. But do quickly because some shows are already sold out. For more information about each film, you can get a brochure at the theater.

Schedule of films

Friday	**Saturday**	**Sunday**
3:30 pm—Wild Nights 5:30 pm—November 7:30pm—After Love	10:00 am—The Man of My Life 3:30 pm—Wild Nights 7:30 pm—November	1:00 pm—Indochina 3:30 pm—The Little Prince 7:30 pm—November

10:00 pm—Tito and Me	10:00pm—Max and Jeremy	10:00 pm—Max and Jeremy

Enjoy Family Fun at the Agricultural Fair 农业展览

It's that time again. The Agricultural Fair opens today, October 8, and runs to October 22—two weeks of fun for the whole family. So, put on your most comfortable shoes and come to the State Road 41. Shows and rides will be open from 10 am until 11 pm every day.

This year at the fair you can see many different kinds of animals, rides, and shows, so get ready to enjoy them, eat cotton candy, and pet all the lovely animals.

One of the most interesting shows is called "Too big to eat." Here you can see huge tomatoes, cabbages, and other vegetables, some weighing up to 15 pounds.

There are many places to eat at the fair. You'll find lots of food such as French fries, candy apples, and popcorn.

The ticket price is $6.50 for adults and $3.50 for children under 12.

56. If you want to watch the movie *After Love*, you will go to the cinema before _____.

A. 7:30 pm on Friday　　B. 10:00 am on Saturday

C. 10:00 pm on Friday　　D. 3:30 pm on Sunday

57. What can you do at the Agricultural Fair?

A. Cook food.　　B. Plant apple trees.

C. Make cotton candy.　　D. See huge vegetables.

58. If a mother and her 5-year-old son go to the Agricultural Fair, she will pay _____ for the tickets.

A. $3.50　　B. $5.00　　C. $6.50　　D. $10.00

C

Everyone knows that exercise is important. We all need to exercise. Doctors say it is good for us. It makes your heart and body strong. Children who often exercise are more alert. This means they do better in tests and schoolwork than those who don't exercise.

There are many ways to exercise. You can walk, run, swim, skate, or play ball games. Make sure you exercise in the following ways: you have to like what you're doing. Exercise

enough -- but not too much. It's best to exercise twice each week. Thirty minutes each time is enough. Try all kinds of things until you find one, two or even three sports that feel right for you.

You can exercise at fitness centers. They have a lot of equipment （设备） there. The equipment will help exercise your arms, legs and other parts of your body to make you fit. Some people buy equipment for their homes. But it is very expensive.

Exercising can be fun. Friends can exercise together at a fitness center, or they can play sports together. How do you exercise?

59. What does the underlined word "alert" mean?

A. comfortable　　B. nervous　　C. clever　　D. hardworking

60. Which of the following sports is **not** in the text?

A. Fishing　　B. basketball　　C. soccer　　D. hiking

61. Which can be the best topic of the passage?

A. Exercise　　B. Ways to exercise

C. How to exercise　　D. Why do we exercise

D

The first day my new teacher, Ron Clark, walked into our room, I couldn't help laughing. This young white guy talked with a funny Southern accent.

It was 1999 and I was in the fifth grade. I'd spent most of the year in the headmaster's office. I'd always been a troublemaker. I'd get shouted at, and then the teachers would give up on me. I thought that's what would happen with Ron Clark.

I was wrong. That first week, I kept laughing at him. He pulled me out to the hallway and said I'd better be good. "Tamara," he said, "you're a clever kid. You can do better."

He told me I was a natural student boss and that I'd go far in life if I started to be myself. I was mad at first, but then something happened: I began to respect him. And it didn't take long for me to come to know that Ron Clark was no ordinary teacher.

He had the most unusual way of teaching. To help us learn the states and capitals, he changed the words of a popular rap hit called "Thong Song" and had us sing and dance with him. When we read the Harry Porter books, he decorated our classroom like Hogwarts.

Like most teachers, he had lots of rules: Treat each other like family. But the real difference was how involved（参与）he was. Mr. Clark asked us what was going on in our lives. During break, he came outside with us, and we taught him how to jump rope. When it snowed, he pelted（投掷）us snowballs, and we pelted him back.

When I met him, I had a lot of anger inside of me. I've lived my whole life in my town with my mom, grandmother and little sister. I never had a father, but in my neighborhood ***that's not unusual***. You have to watch yourself. I know kids who have been shot or beaten up. I have friends who ended up in jail or pregnant（怀孕）. I could have ended up that way, too, but Mr. Clark was the teacher. I felt so lucky to have him for a second year!

On graduation day, there were a lot of tears. We didn't want his class to end. He's been forever in our lives.

62. Tamara _____, so teachers would give up on her.

A. spent much time in the headmaster's office

B. would be too quick in learning

C. liked to laugh at teachers

D. always broke teachers' rules

63. Kids respected Mr. Clark because he _____.

A. could get on very well with them　　B. could tell them of their future

C. taught them to sing and dance in class　　D. never showed his anger to them

64. In the passage "that's not unusual" means that _____.

A. a lot of children live in a big family

B. many people hate the town they live in

C. lots of children have a single parent

D. a number of kids are in danger

65. Without Ron Clark, Tamara would _____.

A. like studying at school

B. never find herself an able girl

C. have a new beginning in her life

D. hardly enjoy her life in her hometown

第 II 卷 主观性试题

五、阅读短文，回答问题 （每小题 1 分，共 4 分）

In a classroom in any countries, the teacher teaches more than art or history or language. He or she teaches something behind the culture of the country.

In a country such as the United States, people with different history, culture and language join together and they pay much attention to personal ideas. Teachers try to make each student special. Students do not have to remember a lot of information. Instead, they work and find answers by themselves. There is often discussion in the classroom. At an early age students learn to have their own ideas. Their education encourages personal thought(思想). The importance is placed on how to arrive at an answer and not only to get the correct answer.

In most Asian countries, people have the same language, history and culture. Perhaps for this reason, the education there pays more attention to group goals than personal ideas. Children in China and Japan often work together and help each other on homework. In the classroom, the ways of teaching are often very traditional. The teacher says, and the students listen, there is not much discussion. The students repeat rules or information that they have been taught in order to keep them in mind.

In many ways these differences come form different educational ideas. In Western countries teachers are taught to help students to learn. They make it easier for the students to learn by themselves. In some Asian countries, however, teachers often feel that their job is to pass knowledge to students.

1. Do students in the United States have to remember a lot of information?
2. There is often discussion in the classroom in America, isn't there?
3. What does the education in the United States encourage?
4. Which does the education in some Asian countries pay more attention to, group goals or personal ideas?

六、阅读文章，选择方框中的词并用其适当形式填空。（每空 1 分，共 7 分 ）

model	feel	land	work	look	after	small

Last Wednesday, Mr. Chan took his class to the Space Museum. First, the children watched a movie about space travel. They saw how the space shuttle took off in space and later

___1____ on earth again. It was very exciting and the children ____2__ that they were travelling in space themselves! ____3____the movie, Mr. Chan took them to see some ____4___ of rockets and the space shuttle. They___5___ very real, but they were ____6____than the real ones. The children also saw some moonstones. Before the children left, they watched a video show about people living and ___7____ in a space lab. The space lab was very big. There were kitchens, bathrooms, and a big workshop for people to work in. The people could stay in the space lab for months. The lab is called space station by the people.

七、根据中英文提示，完成句子。 （ 每小题 2 分，共 10 分 ）

1. 在 Tom 的帮助下，我的语文有了起色。

_____ Tom, I have improved a lot in my Chinese.

2. 初一时，你和同学关系怎么样？

_____your classmates in Junior One?

3. -你的鞋买了多长时间了？--这是我十年前买的了！

--_____ those shoes?

-- I bought them ten years ago!

4. 事发当晚她正在自己屋里拉小提琴。

When it happened that night, she _____ in her room.

5. 周华健已在全国举办了上百场音乐会。

Zhou Huajian _____.

八、书面表达（10 分）

根据所给的中、英文提示，选写其中一篇作文。

要求：意思连贯、符合逻辑、语言流畅，书写规范。字数不少于 60 词。

(写作 1) 假如你叫李华，是美国中学生 Lily 的笔友，请根据她来信的内容写一封回信。针对她的困惑，谈谈你的看法并提出一些建议。

Dear Li Hua,

I'm a shy and quiet girl. When I'm around some people, I usually don't say anything. When I speak, I feel like a fool because I think people are looking at me strangely. I just wish to make friends with everyone. I hope I will be more outgoing(开朗的), like you. I don't like myself at all. What should I do?

Yours,

Lily

Dear Lily,

_____

_____

_____

Yours,

Li Hua

（写作 2）在初中的学习和生活中，有许多令人愉快的事情(highs)，也有令人难过伤心的往事(lows)。请用英语描述一次这样的经历，并谈一下自己的感受。

We all have experienced highs and lows in our lives._____

_____

_____

_____